

THIRTY-EIGHTH REPORT

OF THE

INSPECTOR

APPOINTED TO VISIT THE

REFORMATORY AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS

OF

IRELAND.

CERTIFIED UNDER THE 21ST AND 22ND VIC., CAP. 103; 31ST AND 32ND VIC., CAP. 59;
AND 31ST VIC., CAP. 25.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1899.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.



DUBLIN:

PRINTED FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE,
BY ALEXANDER THOM & CO. (LIMITED).

And to be purchased, either directly or through any Bookseller, from
HODGKS, FIGGIS, and Co. (LIMITED), 104, Grafton-street, Dublin; or
EYRE and SPOTTISWOODE, East Harding-street, Fleet-street, E.C., and
32, Abingdon-street, Westminster, S.W.; or
JOHN MENZIES & Co., Rose-street, Edinburgh, and 90, West Nile-street, Glasgow.

1900.

[Cd.—345.] Price 6d.

CONTENTS.

REPORT,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Page
										5
APPENDIX:										
List of Reformatory Schools,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26
„ Industrial Schools,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27
Number certified for each Industrial School,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.

TABLE—

1.—Admissions, Discharges, &c., for 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34
2.—Age, State of Instruction, Previous Commitments, and Social Condition of the Boys and Girls received during the year 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35
3.—Offences for which Juvenile Offenders were sentenced to Reformatory Schools in the year 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36
4.—Sentences passed on Juvenile Offenders received into Reformatory Schools in the year 1899. Mode of Disposal of those Discharged in the year 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37
5.—Admissions, Discharges, and Modes of Discharge from 1859 to 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38
6.—Discharges for the years 1896, 1897, and 1898, showing the number Doing Well, Convicted of Crime, &c., since Discharge to December 31st, 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39
7.—Receipts and Expenditure for the year 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40
8.—Summary showing Expenditure and Cost per Head for the year ending 31st December, 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

9.—Admissions, Discharges, &c., during the year ending 31st December, 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44
10.—Summary of Admissions, Discharges, &c., for the year ending 31st December, 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48
11.—Particulars of Admissions and Discharges during the year 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49
12.—Admissions, Discharges, and Modes of Discharge from 1869 to 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52
13.—Discharges for the years 1896, 1897, and 1898, showing the number Doing Well, Convicted of Crime, &c., from their Discharge till 31st December, 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53
14.—Receipts and Expenditure for the year 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56
15.—Summary of Accounts of Receipts and Expenditure for the year 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72
16.—Number of Children belonging to each County and City in Ireland who were under Detention in Reformatory or Industrial Schools on 31st December, 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	76
17.—Number of Children belonging to each County and City in Ireland who were admitted to Reformatory or Industrial Schools during the year ending 31st December, 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	77
18.—Giving the Population of each County and Town in Ireland as taken at Census, 1891; the amount paid by each County for Support of Children in Reformatory Schools during the past year (1899); the number of Children under Detention in Reformatory Schools from each County on 31st December, 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	78
19.—Giving the Population of each County and Town in Ireland as taken at Census, 1891; the amount paid by each County for Support of Children in Industrial Schools during the past year (1899); the number of Children under Detention in Industrial Schools from each County on 31st December, 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79
20.—Showing the Rates paid by each County per Head per week for Children in Industrial and Reformatory Schools during the year ending 31st December, 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80
21.—Causes of Deaths of Children under Detention in Reformatory and Industrial Schools, and on Licence, during the year ending 31st December, 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	82
22.—Causes for which Children were committed to Industrial Schools during the year ending 31st December, 1899,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84
23.—Outstanding Loans made to Reformatory and Industrial Schools,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	86

THIRTY-EIGHTH REPORT
OF THE
INSPECTOR
OF
REFORMATORY AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS
IN IRELAND.

TO THE
RIGHT HON. GERALD W. BALFOUR, P.C., M.P.,
&c., &c.,
CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE LORD LIEUTENANT OF IRELAND.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF REFORMATORY AND
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS IN IRELAND,
DUBLIN CASTLE,
3rd August, 1900.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit to you the Annual Report on the Reformatory and Industrial Schools in Ireland, for the year ending the 31st December, 1899.

The same number of schools was under inspection this year as last, viz. :—6 Reformatory and 71 Industrial Schools.

Each school has been visited at least once during the year, and surprise visits were paid on one or two occasions to most of them.

A formal examination in the literary work of each school was held by the Assistant Inspector.

REFORMATORIES.

Of the 6 Reformatory Schools in Ireland—

2 are for Roman Catholic Boys.
3 " " Girls.
1 for Protestant Boys.

There is no Reformatory School in Ireland for Protestant girls. This is a want that should be provided for.

In 1895 the Cork-street Reformatory, which was the only Reformatory ever established in Ireland for Protestant girls, was closed owing to want of funds. Since that date the question of

establishing one in Belfast has been repeatedly considered, but without any practical result.

There is not much likelihood that a sufficient number of cases would be committed to enable the management to support an institution of the kind on the monies received from the Government and local bodies.

The number of Protestant girls under 16 years of age committed to prisons in Ireland for each of the five years 1895-99 is as follows:—2 in 1895, 4 in 1896, 4 in 1897, 2 in 1898, and 13 in 1899. I am unable to say how many (if any) of these cases would probably have been committed to a Protestant Reformatory School for girls, had such been in existence.

There is no reason, however, why a small Reformatory should not be established in connection with some other institution of a kindred nature. It could be kept separate and distinct as far as intercommunication with the other inmates was concerned, while it would benefit by the joint management and support.

There are precedents for a union of this kind in the 3 Reformatories for Roman Catholic girls in this country.

In Monaghan there is a Reformatory and Industrial School in the same institution. There are very few Reformatory cases in this school, and the Reformatory could not be carried on if it had not the indirect support, which it receives through being under the same management as that of the Industrial School. In High Park there is a Penitentiary and Reformatory School under the same management; and in Limerick there is a Penitentiary, Reformatory, and Industrial School, all under the same management.

In each of these the work of the Reformatory and Industrial School is carried on in the most efficient manner, and the results obtained are most satisfactory.

The following Table shows the number of children in Reformatory Schools on 31st December, 1898, and on 31st December, 1899:—

	On 31st December, 1898.			On 31st December, 1899.		
	Males.	Fe-males.	Total.	Males.	Fe-males.	Total.
In School,	518	53	571	504	57	561
On Licence,	27	2	29	21	1	22
In Prison,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Absconded—sentence unexpired, .	3	-	3	4	-	4
In School—sentence expired, .	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total,	548	55	603	529	58	587

During the year 122 cases were committed to Reformatories. This shows a decrease of 24, as compared with the number committed in 1898.

I would hope that, with greater attention to the committal of suitable cases to Industrial Schools by directing at an earlier stage the course of juvenile delinquency towards them, the numbers going to Reformatories will be still further reduced.

Of the total admissions 102 were sent direct. The remaining 20 were admitted after a term of imprisonment, and of this number 8 were children under 12 years of age, who were not previously convicted; 2 children under 12 years of age, who were sent to Reformatories without previous confinement in gaol, were discharged as illegal committals. I have in my former Reports drawn attention to the great need there is for amendment of this portion of the Act. It is to be hoped that the efforts made in this direction by the members of the Philanthropic Association in the city will soon meet with success.

The number of juveniles committed, and the offences, for which they were sentenced for, were—100, larceny; 2, housebreaking; 2, burglary; 3, assault; 3, vagrancy; 12, other offences. In 66 cases both the parents were living, 2 being destitute or criminal; in 9 both parents were dead; in 31 the father was dead; and in 16 the mother.

State of Instruction on Admission.—28 could neither read nor write, 83 could read and write imperfectly, and only 11 could read and write well. It appears from the above figures that the great majority of those committed were either illiterate or very imperfectly instructed. This fact strengthens the opinion that generally prevails as to close relationship between illiteracy and crime, and should serve as a warning to those entrusted with carrying out the provisions of compulsory education, and induce them to take advantage of its compulsory powers.

The health of the inmates has been very good; only one death occurred during the year.

Literary and Industrial Training.—These subjects are, as usual, carefully attended to, and the greater efforts made in this direction have produced marked improvement in some of the schools. There is, however, still much room for further improvement. There should be less drudgery than I have seen. The boys should be taught to take a more intelligent interest in both literary and industrial work. No boy should be kept continuously engaged at a class of work which he cannot follow with profit when he is discharged.

A more intelligent system of farming and gardening than obtains at present should be followed. One that combines theory with practice would, I am sure, cause the boys to take a more intelligent and pleasurable interest in their work, and render them more capable of obtaining and retaining good employment when they leave school.

Mode of Discharges.—The crucial test of the value of the work done in a school is the way in which the inmates are disposed of at the end of their term of detention, and their conduct for some time after they leave the school. Of 138 who were discharged, &c., during 1899, 39 went to service, 62 returned to friends, 10 emigrated, 21 enlisted, 1 died, 1 absconded, and 4 were

discharged, being illegally committed. The objectionable feature, and the one most difficult to contend with in the disposal of boys or girls, is to allow them to return to their friends.

I am aware that Managers are fully conscious of this, and do all they can to induce the young people to make an independent start in life. To enable boys and girls to do this every effort must be made to provide each with a trade or calling which he or she is competent to fill, not only in a mechanical, but in a thoroughly intelligent way, and to develop the virtues of self-respect and self-reliance.

In the three years 1896, 1897, 1898 the number discharged was 423. Of these 368 were doing well, 7 were dead, 11 were doubtful cases, 31 were convicted, 5 were unknown, and 1 was recommitted to a Reformatory. This is a very satisfactory record, having regard to the many difficulties Managers have to contend with both in the training and disposal of their children.

A pleasing feature in the disposals is the number that entered the army. In 1899 21 boys enlisted, while in the three previous years only 24 entered the service.

I do not know a better way of disposing of lads of this class than by putting them into the army, and the record of those who have entered is of a most gratifying character. Almost all do well, and many attain the highest and most lucrative posts in their grade, owing to their good education or good training as musicians or tradesmen.

The numerous letters and photographs Managers receive from their soldier boys are convincing proofs of the paternal care and interest taken in them, as well as of the suitability of the calling they selected. I have asked Managers to encourage in every way boys to enter the service, for I consider that, as a rule, it is the calling best adapted for them. They generally possess that reckless daring disposition, which, while it needs discipline and restraint, gives promise of fine soldierly qualities. And in devoting themselves to the service of their country they make a good return for the money spent by the State in their training and education.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT—REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.

The following Table shows the amount received from the Treasury, local rates, other sources, and by industrial profits, during the past two years:—

—	1898.	1899.	Increase.	Decrease.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Received from Treasury, .	9,218 17 5	8,894 14 4	—	324 3 1
Do. Local Rates, .	4,221 15 3	5,583 1 6	1,366 6 3 ^a	—
Do. Other Sources, .	303 19 8	280 9 9	—	23 9 11
Estimated Profit, . . .	1,045 5 0	956 6 5	—	88 18 7
Total, . . .	14,789 17 4	15,719 12 0	1,366 6 3	436 11 7

^a This increase is due to the fact that in 1899 almost all the new County Councils, besides clearing off outstanding arrears, paid their contributions for the year as well.

EXPENDITURE.

The following Table gives the amounts expended under the same headings for each of the two years ending 31st December, 1898 and 1899 :—

—	1898.	1899.	Increase.	Decrease.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Salaries of Officers, . . .	2,174 9 0	2,143 0 2	—	26 8 10
Rations for do., . . .	960 0 0	865 0 0	—	95 0 0
Food for Inmates, . . .	5,422 12 0	4,896 17 8	—	525 14 4
Clothing for do., . . .	1,471 13 3	1,572 8 0	100 14 9	—
Washing, Fuel, and Light, .	953 17 11	1,014 19 4	61 1 5	—
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes, .	744 4 9	911 9 4	167 4 7	—
Furniture and Sundries, . .	458 15 9	449 15 11	—	8 19 10
Printing, &c., . . .	304 5 0	436 13 2	132 8 2	—
Travelling, . . .	235 14 9	250 5 8	14 10 11	—
Medical Expenses, . . .	270 0 1	275 16 7	5 16 6	—
Sundries, Rewards, . . .	515 11 9	590 16 3	45 4 6	—
Rent, . . .	246 8 5	247 12 8	1 4 3	—
Interest, . . .	226 4 5	357 19 6	131 15 1	—
Disposal, . . .	517 9 11	428 13 1	—	88 16 10
Buildings, . . .	341 9 9	812 17 9	471 8 0	—
Loss on Industrial Department,	—	—	—	—
Total, . . .	14,872 16 9	15,259 5 1	1,131 8 2	744 19 10

The following Table shows the cost per head in each Reformatory School for the past two years :—

—	1898.	1899.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Malone, Belfast, . . .	19 1 10	19 4 10
St. Conleth's, Philipstown, . . .	22 9 7	23 19 3
St. Kevin's, Glencree, . . .	23 15 7	24 1 9
High Park, Dublin, . . .	26 12 8	27 3 4
St. Joseph's, Limerick, . . .	28 8 7	29 2 5
Spark's Lake, Monaghan, . . .	26 17 6	20 2 0

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

There were 71 Industrial Schools in Ireland during the year 1899. No new ones were established, nor was there any increase in the number of certificates granted to existing ones.

The following Table gives the number of children under detention in these schools on 31st December, 1898 and 1899:—

	On 31st December, 1898.			On 31st December, 1899.		
	Males.	Fe- males.	Total.	Males.	Fe- males.	Total.
In School (within number paid for under the Rules),	3,456	4,306	7,762	3,387	4,204	7,591
In School (in excess of the number paid for, or under 6 years of age),	50	238	288	55	185	240
On Licence,	345	249	594	294	210	504
Absconded—sentence unexpired, . .	3	—	3	4	1	5
Remaining in School—sentence expired,	8	60	68	5	77	82
Total,	3,862	4,853	8,715	3,745	4,677	8,422

The following Table shows the number of Roman Catholics and Protestants under detention on the 31st December, 1899:—

	BOYS.			GIRLS.		
	Roman Catholics.	Pro- testants.	Total.	Roman Catholics.	Pro- testants.	Total.
In School (within number paid for under the Rules),	2,890	497	3,387	3,849	355	4,204
In School in excess of the number paid for, or under 6 years of age, . .	48	7	55	162	23	185
On Licence,	252	42	294	188	22	210
Absconded—sentence unexpired,	1	3	4	—	1	1
Remaining in School—sentence expired,	4	1	5	77	—	77
Total,	3,195	550	3,745	4,276	401	4,677

The only notable change that occurred in the schools during the year was the relinquishing of the *Grampian Training Ship*

in Belfast, and the transference of the boys from it to a land school at Balmoral. This school is situated a few miles from the city, and has accommodation for 350 boys—250 of whom were inmates of the *Grampian*, while the remaining 100 were transferred from Fox Lodge the previous year. The latter was a land school for junior boys connected with the Training Ship.

The Balmoral Institution is eminently adapted for its purpose. It is a well-built, well-arranged structure, having most of the essentials required for a school, without any useless adjuncts. There is sufficient land attached, and it is exceptionally well situated, being within easy reach of the city, from which it gets an abundant water supply, gas, &c.

Mr. Barclay, the late Manager, died towards the end of the year, and he has been succeeded by Mr. M'Dowell. The School Committee is composed of a most capable and zealous body of gentlemen, who, with the aid of their excellent Manager, will, I am sure, make their institution one of the most successful in the country.

The abandonment of the Training Ship, and the transfer of the boys to a land school, were decided on after mature and careful consideration by the Committee of Management. In this decision they had the concurrence of my predecessor, and as soon as I gave this question sufficient consideration, I had no hesitation in giving my sanction to the proposal. After an experience of twenty-eight years, the Committee felt that they were not justified in pursuing a system that gave such poor results. They found that the per-centage of their boys who adopted a seafaring life was very small, and that many of those, who at first followed it, after a time gave it up for some other calling. Besides this, there was a large number of them unsuited for the training, who could have been better attended to in a land school. They were of a delicate nature, and the life on a stationary ship in an insalubrious position was not conducive to their healthy development.

The question of setting apart certain Industrial Schools to train boys for a seafaring life is one that has engaged my attention for some time, and from what I have observed in the Training Ship, the Baltimore School, and the Killybegs Fishery School, I am satisfied that in none of them have the high expectations of their founders been realised.

The Training Ship in Belfast, after twenty-eight years of a not very successful effort in its special work, has been abandoned.

Baltimore Fishery School, which during a chequered career since 1887 has given almost barren results (only three boys having been sent to sea during the three years 1895, 1896 and 1897), has within the past couple of years settled down to do the work of an ordinary Industrial School; but it still makes the department in connection with the seafaring life a prominent feature in its curriculum.

In this respect it very properly does not aim too high. Its efforts are limited by the amount of funds at its disposal, and its methods of training are adapted to the capabilities of the

children. While boat-building, cooperage, fish-curing, and net-making are special features, other industries, such as tailoring, gardening, and farming, are not neglected.

Killybegs was certified in 1896 as a Marine and Agricultural School for training boys in the trades connected with the capture and curing of fish, and in agricultural pursuits. Up to the present very little has been done in this direction, and I am afraid that as a piscatorial school there is but a poor future before it. Seven boys are instructed in boat-building, and others are taken out in rowing boats and practise line-fishing.

It seems to me that the mistake made by the founders of these institutions was that they did not take into consideration the conditions under which an Industrial School must necessarily exist. In their laudable enthusiasm to further a good cause, they forgot to consider the means they had to employ to attain their end. Lads of the stuff out of which sailors and fishermen can be made are not supplied to order to our Industrial Schools. Managers must take not what they wish, but what they can get. The children committed are chiefly drawn from the slums of cities and towns, poorly developed in mind and body. Ranging in age from six to fourteen years when admitted they must all be discharged at the age of sixteen. Under these conditions it is not to be wondered at that the number who, select a seafaring life, or are suitable for it, is so small. Nevertheless, I believe that under existing conditions a great deal can be done to foster the object for which these schools were established.

As in other schools the boys should receive a sound elementary education, and have their intellects developed and their faculties educated by a proper course of manual instruction, and while training in other industries is carried on, the one pertaining to a seafaring life should be made the special feature of the school. At the best it need not be expected that more than a small per-centage of the boys at these Marine Schools will take to a seafaring life.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

The following Table shows the amounts received during the past two years from various sources :—

—	1898.	1899.	Increase.	Decrease.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Received from Treasury, .	101,225 5 7	100,524 5 9	—	700 19 10
Do. Local Rates, .	41,261 0 3	55,478 1 7	14,217 1 4*	—
Do. Other Sources, .	6,436 14 3	6,023 9 5	—	403 4 10
Estimated Profit, . . .	10,373 16 3½	10,778 11 4½	404 15 1	—
Total, . . .	159,296 18 4½	172,809 8 1½	14,621 16 5	1,109 4 8

* This increase is due to the fact that in 1899 almost all the new County Councils, besides clearing off outstanding arrears, paid their contributions for the year as well.

EXPENDITURE.

The following Table gives the expenditure during the past two years:—

—	1898.	1899.	Increase.	Decrease.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Salaries for Officers, . .	17,567 13 5	17,121 5 10	—	446 7 7
Rations for do., . . .	8,888 3 5	9,029 13 1	141 9 8	—
Food for Inmates, . . .	62,695 10 6	60,781 16 7½	—	1,913 14 10½
Clothing for do., . . .	20,154 3 2½	19,660 10 1½	—	493 13 1
Washing, Fuel, Light, . .	13,048 17 10	13,259 17 3	210 19 5	—
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes, .	8,772 1 9½	8,569 1 3½	—	203 0 6
Furniture and Sundries, .	6,452 9 6	6,243 5 10	—	209 3 8
Printing, &c.,	2,322 17 2	2,381 9 4	58 12 2	—
Travelling,	716 8 7	752 0 2	35 11 7	—
Medical Expenses,	2,917 10 3	2,874 6 0	—	43 4 3
Sundries, Rewards, . . .	2,815 19 8½	3,335 4 4	519 4 7½	—
Rent,	3,638 6 9	4,013 0 10	404 14 1	—
Interest,	8,827 5 0	9,123 12 0	296 7 0	—
Disposal,	3,180 14 2	2,945 6 5	—	235 7 9
Buildings,	2,965 3 0½	4,943 1 9	1,977 18 8½	—
Loss on Industrial Department.	262 18 11	62 4 3	—	190 14 8
Total,	165,216 3 3	165,125 14 1½	3,644 17 3	3,735 6 4½

Having regard to the large sums received annually for the maintenance of children in Industrial Schools, amounting from all sources to £172,809 for the year, I think it desirable that a more careful inquiry should be made into the financial accounts of the schools than has been done hitherto.

I have observed in several schools what appears to me to be foolish extravagance in matters in no way essential to the interests of the children, such as costly and oftentimes useless additions to, or structural changes in, the school buildings, the erection of model farm buildings on an extensive scale, or the purchase of land beyond the school requirements. At the same time I found in these schools deficiencies urgently requiring remedy, which I was informed could not be attended to owing to lack of funds.

I think Managers should not undertake any scheme involving a large outlay of school funds proper, without previously

consulting with the Inspector of Industrial Schools. If such a course were adopted, the true interests of the school might be better served, and there would be less risk of the project turning out an expensive fad by saddling the school with a debt.

The acquisition of land on a large scale, unnecessary for the immediate purposes of the school, seems to me to be a very reprehensible practice, especially so if the interest or capital has to be paid out of the school funds. I think farms of from 40 to 60 acres amply sufficient for all useful purposes, such as yielding a liberal supply of farm produce for the school and training the inmates in agricultural pursuits. Where 200 acres or more are attached to a school, an interest must be created outside the immediate supervision of the children that sometimes leads to their neglect. I find that the best managed schools are those where the interest of the Manager is confined solely to the immediate requirements of the school.

I think it would be desirable that the accounts of each school should be properly audited by a qualified accountant, before the annual returns are furnished to this Department. This is done in several of the schools with very satisfactory results. Managers, I am sure, will welcome the fullest investigation. It will enable the Inspector to satisfy himself with reference to matters of questionable expenditure, strengthen the Manager's position before the public, and cause the financial arrangements of the school to be conducted on sound business lines, which I have reason to know is not the case at the present time in many of the schools.

In the case of schools that are well managed in every particular, and to the entire satisfaction of the Inspector, I see no necessity for strict inquiry into their financial accounts; but where the want of funds is pleaded as an excuse for not providing the essential needs of a school, I think the strictest investigation should be made into the state of the finances.

In regard to sums contributed by the local bodies, it would be well if they were more uniform in amount and distribution. At present they vary from 1s. to 2s. 6d. per week for each child. The contributing bodies in many instances confine their largest grant to special schools, pay a less amount to others recognised by them, and to others again refuse to contribute anything. To differentiate in this manner between schools seems to me to be unreasonable and unjust, inasmuch as a child is supposed to receive the same advantages from training and to involve the same amount of expense in whatever school it may be. I think this is a question that County Councils might usefully consider with a view to making the grant uniform and payable for every child committed from their counties, no matter where the school may be situated to which the committal is made.

Since the functions of the Grand Juries have been taken up by the County Councils, I am pleased to have to report that three counties, which did not contribute anything towards the maintenance of children in Industrial Schools, have agreed to do so in future.

PARENTAL CONTRIBUTION.

	Reformatories.	Industrial Schools.	Total.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Dublin,	127 12 4	129 18 10	257 11 2
Provinces,	210 12 3	545 15 5	756 7 8
Total,	338 4 7	675 14 3	1,013 18 10

As may be seen from the above Table the receipts from the Parental Money Collection amounted to £1,013 18s. 10d. for the year. This shows a slight falling off from the sum collected in 1898 by £7 6s. 10d.

As long as the means are inadequate for compelling parents, when able, to pay towards the support of their children in Industrial Schools, there is not much likelihood that the amount of collection will improve.

The fact, that a great number of orphans and children whose parents are unable to contribute have lately been committed, is another cause that the amount collected has not increased.

A third cause is the unwillingness of many Magistrates to make an order for contribution. The small sum of even a couple of pence a week would not press hard on any parent with a weekly wage, while it would have the healthy effect of making them recognise their parental responsibility.

I have to report the death of Mr. Morgan, who was collector for the north side of the city. He is succeeded by Mr. O'Brien.

LITERARY AND INDUSTRIAL TRAINING.

Of the 955 children admitted to the schools during the year, 532 could neither read nor write, 374 could read or write imperfectly, and 49 could read and write well. Many of the illiterates were just ten and twelve years of age.

The Assistant Inspector has during the year systematically examined the children in every school. In about thirty of the female schools the children are examined as well by the Inspectors of the National Board of Education.

The literary work in the different schools varies very much. This variety in results is more noticeable in girls' than in boys' schools. Most of them are doing good work, and some excellent, while at a few schools the standard reached is below what might reasonably be expected.

Kindergarten methods of teaching are employed in all the schools for junior boys and in most of the girls' schools, but they are not much used in the other boys' schools. These kindergarten methods have in some schools been only introduced quite

recently, and in only a few have they been in use for any length of time, but the number of schools using them is increasing. Almost all use Fröbel's gifts, but one or two prefer methods of their own. The results attained were generally very satisfactory, the children's intelligence and deftness in manipulation being pleasantly developed at the same time.

The reading is often good, but in many schools there is a great difficulty in getting the children to speak above a whisper. Where possible the reading lessons should be given in a separate class room, where the children could be taught to speak out without disturbing the other classes, and the reading should be supplemented by explanation, illustration, and questioning to secure that the children have an intelligent appreciation of the phrases and words they have been using.

Writing is nearly always well taught and is on the whole very creditable. This remark applies to both boys' and girls' schools. In a few schools the desks are of a uniform size throughout the school and the younger children suffer, in their writing especially, through the desks being too high. A few lower sized desks in these schools would put this right and would not cost much.

In some schools great trouble had been taken to teach the children to recite poetry with proper emphasis and rhetorical effect, in others the result was an unpleasant sing-song, while in a few schools the repetition of poetry is not taught at all.

In geography there is great variety in the amount attempted at different schools, some teaching it very thoroughly, while others do not teach it at all. The outlines of the world, and the geography of Ireland should be taught to all, and as much more as the children have time for without interfering with their industrial training.

The grammar taught is not of much educational value, and in the large majority of schools is a mere effort of memory, and does not develop the intelligence of the children. In many cases the beginners knew quite as much about it as children in the higher classes.

I have examined children in many schools when paying surprise visits, and have stood by, while teachers conducted their classes, to enable me to form an opinion on the efficiency of the method of teaching. The conclusion I have arrived at is, that the teaching supplied in the Industrial Schools is as good as the average teaching in the National Schools, and that the children are well up to, if not above, the average of National School children in the matter of literary attainments. Inasmuch as the teaching is conducted on the same lines as those followed in the National Schools, the children manifest the deficiencies that must result from the defects inherent in that system.

The acquirement of knowledge was as varied and extensive as might be expected from children of their age; but they showed a painful want of comprehension on almost every subject. It is to be hoped that under the new educational system about to be established the great blot in primary education in this country will be effaced.

I have advised Managers, with a view to their adoption, to read the rules and regulations of the Commissioners of National Education in Ireland for the year 1900, more especially with regard to the ordinary day school subjects, which are:—

(a) English (including, as sub-heads, reading, writing, spelling, grammar, and composition); (b) arithmetic; (c) kindergarden and manual instruction; (d) drawing; (e) object lessons and elementary science; (f) singing; (g) school discipline and physical drill, and in girls' schools in addition (h) cookery and laundry work, (i) needlework. Detailed syllabuses in each day school subject are issued by the Commissioners. Geography and history are not specified as day school subjects, but during the reading lesson the teachers are expected to convey a sufficient knowledge of these subjects by the alternate use of literary, geographical, and historical reading books.

In the matter of industrial training both boys and girls maintain the same standard as in previous years. In all the girls schools, with very few exceptions, there has been a marked improvement in every branch of industrial training during the year. While I am conscious of the state of excellence to which many of them have attained, I must mention two that in every respect come up to a high standard of efficiency. These are Hampton House Industrial School for Protestant Girls, Belfast, and St. Michael's School for Roman Catholic Girls, Wexford.

In the former neatness, order, and cleanliness prevail at every point throughout the whole house, grounds, farmyard, &c. The girls take a bath every day. They are plainly dressed, but are models of neatness and cleanliness. Cookery, housekeeping, housemaid's work, laundry work, dairying, and dressmaking are all taught in a thoroughly practical manner. The children about to leave school are able to cut out and make all their own clothes. The six senior girls for the time being take their meals at a separate table. Each in turn acts as housekeeper and cook for a month, being allowed a tradesman's wages to support her family of six. After entering in her pass-book the weekly cost for house rent, coals, clothing, light, &c., she has the balance to spend on food. She purchases this at market value from the school stores. She has a small American stove to do her cooking, and is pretty sharply criticised by the members of her family for the manner in which it is done. Those girls, when they leave school, give the greatest satisfaction to their employers. With a slight difference the work in St. Michael's School is conducted in the same satisfactory manner.

I cannot speak so well for the boys' schools, as, with the exception of one or two, their work showed no improvement on that of previous years. Training in the technical work of carpentry, boot-making, and tailoring, &c., is carried on with the same efficiency as heretofore, but no effort has yet been made to give the boys a preliminary educational course, in which elementary science would be taught and the faculties cultivated by a course of manual instruction. Without this preparation the boys cannot take an intelligent interest in their technical work.

Drawing is very well taught in nearly every school, but not its practical application. Agricultural operations engage a large number of boys; but in every school in which I examined them on this subject they showed utter ignorance of the simplest principles of agriculture. In all other occupations I found the same want of intelligent interest in their work.

I hope that all Managers who study the welfare of their boys will be quick to adopt the new methods in primary education that will soon come into use. The beneficial results of hand-and-eye training, or a course of manual instruction, are forcibly shown in the following quotation from the Report of the Commission on Manual and Practical Instruction in Primary Schools:—

“It makes the children alert; it makes them more intelligent; it is entirely a training of the intelligence, and there is no getting off with guesswork; it cultivates the power of rapid observation; it makes the children from the very first attach great importance to exactness; it goes to develop the inventive faculty; it is a relief to the children by varying the nature of their school work; refreshed and brightened by it, they have a greater zest for their book-work; it has been found an effectual check to nervousness; it gives the dull child a chance of getting on to the same plane with smarter children, and thus gives to dull children a useful incentive to exertion in the other work of the school; the exercises in it are the most popular with the pupil; it thus helps in keeping up the attendance in the school; it improves the teachers, too, giving them increased tact and skill.”

ADMISSIONS.

During 1899, 477 boys and 478 girls were admitted to Industrial Schools.

The numbers committed for each of the last ten years are given in the following table:—

YEAR.	BOYS.	GIRLS.
1890,	650	781
1891,	531	716
1892,	531	702
1893,	620	699
1894,	604	673
1895,	602	728
1896,	692	686
1897,	632	778
1898,	605	633
1899,	477	478

The number of children committed from Dublin for each of the three years 1897, 1898, and 1899, is as follows:—377 for 1897, 219 for 1898, and 94 for 1899.

In 1897, 924 children were committed for “begging” out of a total of 1,410 sent to Industrial Schools; in 1898, 676 out of a total of 1,238; and in 1899, 232 out of a total of 955.

It is gratifying to find that in the procedure for obtaining orders of detention a more healthy tone exists. I consider that there are very few cases at the present time where a improper committal has been obtained.

During the year 35 cases were discharged by order of the Chief Secretary, 29 for illegal committal, and 6 for improper use of the Act.

There is a marked decrease in the committals of girls.

The proportion of girls to boys in Industrial Schools in Ireland is abnormal. In 1896 there were 1,039 more girls than boys under detention, the numbers being 3,774 boys and 4,813 girls. In England, for the same year, there were 14,249 boys under detention as compared with 4,548 girls.

The class of children at present being committed is of a character more in accordance with the spirit of the Industrial Schools Act than has hitherto been the case, and I am pleased to find that Managers have not objected to receive such children.

It is to be hoped that an effort will be made by all those, who take an interest in the moral and material well-being of neglected children, to see that those of them in immediate danger of falling into crime will be brought within the influence of the Industrial Schools Act. In this way a benefit will be conferred on the community as well as on the children.

I am glad to see that the new governing bodies have begun to take an interest in the question of committals to Industrial Schools. No more important subject could engage their consideration than that of making provision for the neglected children in their counties, and seeing that all cases that come within the provisions of the Industrial Schools Act are brought before the magistrates with a view to having them sent to an Industrial School. A small committee might with advantage be appointed to carry out this desirable object, and through it the Council could get information regarding the children while undergoing training and when disposed of. They have a right to receive information on these matters, as they contribute to the children's support, and I am sure Managers will give them every facility in this respect.

DISPOSAL OF CHILDREN.

The following Tables give the number of children discharged during 1899, and the mode of their discharge :—

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
MODE OF DISCHARGE—			
To employment or service,	363	363	726
Returned to Friends,	155	197	352
Emigrated,	13	31	44
Sent to Sea,	11	—	11
Enlisted,	5	—	5
Specially discharged,	10	1	11
Committed to Reformatory,	—	—	—
Transferred,	328	1	329
Died,	25	43	68
Absconders discharged by expiration of sentence, . .	2	—	2
Discharged on account of insufficient grounds for detention,	11	27	38
Total,	923	663	1,586

The following Table shows the total of children discharged for the three years ending 31st December, 1898, the mode of their discharge and subsequent character :—

	Total.		GROSS TOTAL.
	Boys.	Girls.	
MODE OF DISCHARGE--			
To Employment,	1,031	1,164	2,195
Returned to Friends,	474	674	1,148
Emigrated,	38	75	113
Sent to Sea,	38	-	38
Enlisted,	14	-	14
Specially Discharged,	51	16	67
Absconded and not recovered,	9	-	9
Total,	1,655	1,929	3,584
SUBSEQUENT CHARACTER--			
Since Dead,	27	26	53
Doing well,	1,470	1,806	3,276
Doubtful,	42	23	65
Convicted of Crime,	1	-	1
Unknown,	114	74	188
Recommitted to an Industrial School,	1	-	1
Total,	1,655	1,929	3,584

The practice of disposal by returning the children to their friends is one that should be discouraged by Managers as far as possible. It is only warranted under exceptional circumstances. The main object for getting children detained in Industrial Schools is to remove them from the contaminating influences of their home surroundings, and it is to be feared that in most cases these conditions will not be found much improved at the time the children leave the school.

When children are discharged, they are at an age that renders them most susceptible to good or bad influences, and in proportion as these predominate in their environments will their future lives be moulded for good or ill.

In most cases the parents who ask to have their children sent home are influenced by motives of gain from the earnings they would bring in.

It should be impressed on parent and child that assistance to the family can be made more liberal and permanent by placing the child in some respectable employment away from the baneful influences of its old home. As a general rule, I look on it as a failure on the part of the Manager, in the matter of disposal, to send back a child to its parents or friends.

Many Managers, more especially those of Convent Schools, are often imposed on by misrepresentation or the plausible statements of those wishing to get control of their children when they leave the school. A few very distressing cases have come under my notice, where most serious consequences have followed, because the Managers were not aware of the dangerous surroundings the children were being taken to.

When the provision of the Industrial Schools Act for England is applied to this country, by which Managers are granted control over their children for two years after their discharge, or till they attain the age of eighteen years, the dangers following discharge can be very much lessened.

A very useful offer of assistance in this regard has been made by the Philanthropic Association of this city. In the case of Dublin children the members of the Association if requested to do so by Managers will make inquiries into and report on the character of the home surroundings the children would return to if allowed to go back to their friends. Managers will thus be readily able to decide how the children's welfare can be best secured in disposing of them. Any communication addressed to the Secretary of the Association will get due attention. I believe this movement will be the means of saving many children who would otherwise drift back into criminal courses.

HEALTH.

During the year there were 68 deaths in Industrial Schools. This shows a death-rate of 8.072 per 1,000 for the children under detention. The death-rate of children aged from five to fifteen

in Ireland during 1899 was 3·350 per 1,000. Notwithstanding the fact that a great number of children committed to Industrial Schools in Ireland were reared under conditions strongly predisposing to a low state of vitality and depraved constitution, the death-rate is much higher than it should be. Of the 68 deaths that occurred 54 were due to affections of the brain and lungs, mostly tubercular.

Managers cannot be too careful in taking precautionary measures to guard against the danger from contagious and infectious diseases. All cases of consumption should be removed from the school, or where this is not possible they should be kept strictly isolated.

When an epidemic of scarlatina or measles occurs in the neighbourhood of a school the Medical Officers should be instructed to report the fact to the Manager at the earliest possible moment, so that precautionary measures may be taken to protect the children from infection.

Cases of ophthalmia, which in former years gave such trouble, are not much in evidence at the present time. There are a few schools in which this disease still appears; but with strict attention to cleanliness and persistence in suitable treatment, I hope in a short time to be able to report that all schools are free from it.

Chilblains in winter seem to be the scourge of the schools at the present time. The number of children who suffer from them and the aggravated character of the affection vary according to the attention bestowed on such matters as food, clothing, exercise, &c. The number of children in a school affected by chilblains is a fair index of the general care bestowed on them by the Manager; and while I do not expect that they can be wholly prevented, I feel that by strict attention to matters of health and comfort, the number of cases in which they occur can be very much reduced and the character of the affection can be modified.

Having regard to the generally poor state of constitution of the class of children committed to their care, Managers should be all the more careful to do everything in their power to preserve and promote their health. The main factors in doing this are good food, warm clothing, healthy well-ventilated rooms, and suitable exercise and recreation.

I am not satisfied with the scale of diet in most of the boys' schools. In quality, variety, and cooking there is much to be desired. I am giving attention to the schools most in need of reform in this matter.

In many of the schools the clothing is deficient, more especially in the winter, when on some occasions the thermometer registers several degrees of frost. Lads not particularly strong are accustomed to wear in that season the same clothing that served them during the summer. When, in addition, the food supplied is deficient in heat-producing properties and the living rooms are cold and cheerless, it is not to be wondered at that lung trouble, chil-

blains and a generally low state of vitality should be much in evidence.

There are also deficiencies in matters of heating and ventilation in many schools. I have represented to Managers the dangers attendant on such defects and hope to see them soon remedied.

I should like to see more attention given to matters of physical exercise and out of door recreation than is done at present. They are essential for promoting health and happiness, both moral and physical. A field should be set apart where football, cricket, and other recognized games may be played in their season. In some schools this is encouraged and made an important feature in the training. The large schools should have a couple of teams for football and cricket, and they should be taught to play according to the strict rules of the game. Contests among themselves, as well as with outside teams should be encouraged. This would create a pleasant excitement and healthy rivalry in which the whole school would interest itself, and would brighten up and relieve the monotony of institution life. It would be well if the masters would take part and enter thoroughly into the spirit of the movement.

Military drill or free gymnastics should be practised at least once every day by the senior and twice daily by the junior boys. In several schools the want of careful training in this way was apparent in the careless manner the boys went through their drill as well as in their shuffling gait and want of smartness in their general appearance. Applied gymnastics, while very commendable as a means of developing certain sets of muscles, and giving lads a confidence in their physical powers, should be practised with great discretion. It often induces serious mischief, more especially in the case of growing and delicate lads. I think it should be confined to the strong senior boys.

In former reports, and repeatedly during inspection, I have drawn attention to one great blot in the management of Industrial Schools in Ireland—the want of cleanliness in person and environment. This want was, from the first, more apparent in the boys' than in the girls' schools. I am pleased to say that at the present time there are only a few of the latter about which I have reason to complain in this respect.

I cannot say the same for the boys' schools. With few exceptions, I found no improvement in the matter of cleanliness, notwithstanding my repeated advice and warning. With most of the officials it seems as if there is an inherent antipathy to advocate or put in practice the virtue of cleanliness.

One Manager put forward the plea that, as the boys returned to dirty, careless homes, too great a nicety in matters of cleanliness would keep them out of touch with their surroundings. An official in the same school could not see any advantage to be got from bathing. His own experience was that one could get on very well without it. He never had a bath in his life.

In some of the schools the boys bathe only every four or five weeks, sometimes not so often. As many as four use the same

bath water. In others a bath is only taken in case of illness by the Doctor's orders, an occasional dip in the river or sea being the only attempt at general ablution.

Visitors are impressed by nicely laid out grounds, well-kept halls and corridors, by the shining faces of the lads over clean holiday collars, and by the orderly appearance of the beds in the dormitories under snow-white coverlets. It is the Inspector's privilege to see the other side of the picture—the neglected untidy state of the living rooms and other apartments, the dirty neck under the clean collar, and often a condition of things under the white coverlets that is better imagined than described. I find it a very unpleasant duty to have to draw your attention to these matters, and I hope it will be for the last time, but should I have occasion to do so, I must, in justice to the majority of the schools, specify those that deserve censure in this respect.

I am pleased to acknowledge the valuable assistance I have received during the year from the Assistant Inspector and the other members of the staff carrying on the work of my department.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

JOHN FAGAN, F.R.C.S.,

*H. M. Inspector of Reformatory and Industrial
Schools in Ireland.*

APPENDIX.

APPENDIX.

APPENDIX I.

Names of
Reforma-
tory
Schools.

1.—LIST of REFORMATORY SCHOOLS in IRELAND, with date of Certificate, Locality, Name of Corresponding Manager, and Sex and Religion of Young Offenders received.

County.	Name and Situation of Reformatory, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
ANTRIM,	1. Malone Reformatory School for Protestant boys, Belfast. Certified 13th March, 1860. Manager, James Lee, Esq.
DUBLIN,	2. High Park Reformatory School for R. C. girls, Drumcondra, Dublin. Certified 21st December, 1858. Manager, Mrs. Kate Morris.
KING'S CO., . . .	3. King's County Reformatory School for R. C. boys, Philipstown. Certified 22nd December, 1870. Manager, Rev. J. Gubbins.
LIMERICK,	4. St. Joseph's Reformatory School for R. C. girls, Limerick. Certified 25th January, 1859, Manager, Mrs. Bridget Haugh.
MONAGHAN, . . .	5. Spark's Lake Reformatory School for R. C. girls, Monaghan. Certified 29th July, 1859. Manager, Mrs. M. F. Owens.
WICKLOW,	6. St. Kevin's Reformatory School for R. C. boys, Glencree, Enniskerry. Certified 12th April, 1859. Manager, Rev. Patrick Newman.

2.—LIST OF INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS, showing locality, &c.

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.	Number for which Treasury Pay.
ANTRIM, .	*1. The Ulster Industrial School Training Ship <i>Grampian</i> , for Protestant boys, Belfast. Certified 22nd June, 1872. Hon. Secretary, David M'Dowell, esq., Belfast; A. J. O'Rorke, esq., R.N., Capt. Superintendent.	—
" . .	†2. Balmoral Industrial School, Belfast, for Protestant boys. Formerly Fox Lodge, which was certified 10th January, 1884. Hon. Sec., David M'Dowell, esq. C.M.—David Barclay, esq.	350
" . .	3. Hampton House Industrial School for Protestant girls, near Belfast. Certified 13th April, 1874. Increased on 5th January, 1897, to 156. C.M.—Rev. A. J. Wilson.	156
" . .	4. St. Patrick's Industrial School for R. C. boys, Milltown, Belfast. This is a transfer of the certificate from the school, Donegall-street, Belfast, certified 27th August, 1869. Re-certified 11th January, 1873. C.M.—Rev. D. M'Cashin, Administrator, Belfast.	150
" . .	5. St. Patrick's Industrial School for R. C. girls, Belfast. Certified 27th August, 1869. The certificate was reduced from 110 to 90 on 2nd September, 1898. C.M.—Rev. James Hamill, Belfast.	90
" . .	6. Sacred Heart, Abbeyville, White Abbey, Belfast, for R. C. girls. Certified 6th June, 1896. Increased to 100 on 18th September, 1897. Increased to 120 on 2nd September, 1898. C.M.—Rev. James Hamill.	120
" . .	7. Shamrock Lodge, Belfast, for Protestant Girls. Certified 26th March, 1887. Certificate was increased to 70 on 3rd August, 1892, and again increased to 88 on 8th May, 1895. C.M.—Mrs. Margaret Byers.	88
ARMAGH, .	8. Middletown Industrial School for R.C. girls. Certified 21st June, 1881. C.M.—Mrs. Mary E. O'Donovan.	50
" . .	9. Lurgan Industrial School for R. C. Girls. Certified 28th April, 1888. C.M.—Mrs. de Sales M'Geeney.	50
CAVAN, .	10. St. Joseph's Industrial School for R. C. girls, Cavan. Certified 1st October, 1869. C.M.—Mrs. M. B. M'Kenna.	87
CLARE, .	11. Ennis Industrial School for R. C. girls. Certified 28th February, 1880. C.M.—Mrs. M. J. Murray.	80

* The Ulster Industrial School Training Ship *Grampian* for Protestant boys Belfast, which was certified for 250, was closed on 13th March, 1899, and the inmates were transferred to Balmoral Industrial School, Belfast.

† The Certificate for Balmoral Industrial School, Belfast, was increased from 100 to 350 on 13th March, 1899.

2.—LIST OF INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS—*continued.*

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.	Number for which Treasury Pay.
CORK, . .	12. St. Aloysius' Industrial School for R. C. girls, Clonakilty. Certified 13th November, 1869. C.M.—Mrs. M. de S. Murray.	130
" . .	13. St. Coleman's Industrial School for R. C. girls, Queenstown. Certified 5th September, 1870. C.M.—Mrs. Mary B. O'Sullivan.	46
" . .	14. Our Lady of Mercy Industrial School for R. C. girls, Kinsale. Certified 19th November, 1869. C.M.—Mrs. M. E. Fallon.	150
" . .	15. Danesfort Industrial School for R. C. boys, Upton, Co. Cork. Certified 13th April, 1889. C.M.—Rev. M. Fennell.	200
" . .	16. Cork Industrial School for Protestant boys. Certified on 22nd August, 1892. This school took over the boys who were in the Boys' Home and St. Nicholas' Industrial Schools. C.M.—Edwin Hall, esq.	110
" . .	17. Mallow Industrial School for R. C. girls. Certified 10th April, 1880. C.M.—Mrs. M. O. Cheevers.	60
" . .	18. The Passage West Industrial School for young boys under 10 years of age, certified 27th September, 1882. C.M.—Mrs. Mary P. Murphy.	50
" . .	19. Baltimore Fishing School for R. C. boys. Certified 12th August, 1887. C.M.—Rev. Peter Hill.	150
" . .	20. St. Finbar's Industrial School for R. C. girls, Sunday's Well, Cork. Certified 29th April, 1870. New Buildings re-certified for an increased number of children, 2nd December, 1872. On 27th April, 1897, the Certificate was increased to 172. C.M.—Mrs. Mary Devereux.	172
" . .	21. Greenmount Industrial School for R. C. boys. Certified 14th March, 1871. C.M.—Rev. Br. J. B. O'Donoghue.	200
" . .	22. Training Home Industrial School for Protestant girls, Union-quay, a transfer from Glanmire and Passage West schools. Certified 25th October, 1870. Re-certified 14th March, 1871. Increased to 60, 13th March, 1896. C.M.—Miss Elizabeth M. Woodroffe.	60
DONEGAL, .	23. St. Columba, Killybegs, Co. Donegal, for R. C. boys. Certified 20th February, 1896. C.M.—Rev. J. J. O'Donnell.	100

2.—LIST OF INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS—*continued.*

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.	Number for which Treasury Pay.
DUBLIN, .	24. Artane Industrial School for R. C. boys, Artane. Certified 9th July, 1870. C.M.—Rev. Br. Thomas J. Butler.	800
" . .	25. Booterstown Industrial School for R. C. girls, Booterstown. Certified 10th November, 1870. C.M.—Mrs. K. O'Keefe.	54
" . .	26. Carysfort Industrial School, Blackrock, for R. C. girls. Certified 10th May, 1895.—C.M.—Mrs. Alice Keenan.	80
" . .	27. Golden Bridge Industrial School for R. C. girls. Certified 13th July, 1880. C.M.—Mrs. M. G. Howell.	150
" . .	28. The Carriglea Park Industrial School (formerly Kilmore), Monkstown, co. Dublin, for R. C. boys. Certified 26th September, 1894. Increased to 150 from 1st April, 1896. C.M.—Rev. Br. J. P. Kinahan.	150
" . .	29. St. Mary's Industrial School for R. C. girls, Lakelands, Sandymount. Certified 25th February, 1869. C.M.—Mrs. Frances Mulhall.	70
" . .	30. Meath Industrial School for Protestant boys, Blackrock. Certified 5th May, 1871. C.M.—Robert A. Adderley, esq.	126
" . .	31. Merrion Industrial School for R. C. girls. Certified 10th June, 1872. C.M.—Mrs. Mary Lentaigne.	150
" . .	32. Heytesbury-street Industrial School for Protestant girls, Dublin. Certified 24th July, 1869. Jacob Geoghegan, esq., Hon. Secretary.	55
GALWAY, .	33. St. Bridget's Industrial School for R. C. girls, Loughrea. Certified 25th November, 1869. C.M.—Mrs. Louisa Smyth.	112
" . .	34. St. Joseph's, Ballinasloe, for R. C. girls. Certified 8th July, 1884. C.M.—Mrs. Mary B. Kelly.	60
" . .	35. Clifden Industrial School for R. C. girls, Connemara. Certified 15th July, 1872. C.M.—Mrs. Mary X. Reville.	80
" . .	36. St. Joseph's Industrial School, Letterfrack, Galway, for R. C. boys. Certified 1st April, 1886. C.M.—Rev. Br. T. G. Stephens.	150

2.—LIST OF INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS—*continued.*

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.	Number for which Treasury Pay.
GALWAY, .	37. Oughterard Industrial School for R. C. girls. Certified 12th May, 1873. C.M.—Mrs. Elizabeth Martyn.	40
" .	38. St. Anne's Industrial School for R. C. girls, Galway. Certified 3rd December, 1869. C.M.—Mrs. Mary Leeson.	77
" .	39. Salthill Industrial School for R. C. boys. Certified September, 1871. C.M.—Rev. Br. J. G. Kennedy.	200
KERRY, .	40. St. Joseph's Home Industrial School, Killarney—For R. C. girls; certified 4th November, 1869. For R. C. young boys; certified 19th August, 1872. C.M.—Mrs. Mary S. Irwin.	103
" .	41. St. Joseph's Industrial School for R. C. boys, Tralee. Certified 25th March, 1871. C.M.—Mr. W. C. Carroll.	100
" .	42. Pembroke Alms House Industrial School for R. C. girls, Tralee. Certified 4th November, 1869. C.M.—Mrs. M. G. M'Carthy.	70
KILKENNY, .	43. Kilkenny Industrial School for R. C. young boys. Certified 13th December, 1879. C.M.—Mrs. Sarah Byrne.	162
" .	44. Kilkenny Industrial School for R. C. girls. Certified 22nd March, 1873. C.M.—Mrs. Alicia Beardwood.	100
KING'S, .	45. St. John's Industrial School for R. C. girls, Parsonstown. Certified 5th July, 1870. C.M.—Mrs. Mary A. Beckett.	80
LIMERICK, .	46. St. George's Industrial School for R. C. girls, Limerick. Certified 11th December, 1869. Increased by 20 from 1st April, 1896. C.M.—Mrs. Bridget Haugh.	100
" .	47. St. Vincent's Industrial School for R. C. girls, Limerick. Certified 8th December, 1869. C.M.—Mrs. Mary A. Kenny.	130
" .	48. Limerick School for R. C. boys. Certified 18th August, 1875. Increased to 170, 27th April, 1897. C.M.—Rev. Br. M. M. Brophy.	170
LONGFORD, .	49. Our Lady of Succour Industrial School for R. C. girls, Newtownforbes. Certified 29th November, 1869. C.M.—Mrs. Mary C. Farrington.	145

2.—LIST OF INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS—*continued.*

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.	Number for which Treasury Pay.
LOUTH, .	50. House of Charity Industrial School for R. C. boys under 10 years of age, Drogheda. Certified 17th October, 1870. C.M.—Mrs. Clare Redman	92
"	51. The Dundalk Industrial School for R. C. girls. Certified 12th July, 1881. C.M.—Mrs. Brigid Duffy.	80
MAYO, .	52. St. Columba Industrial School for R. C. girls, Westport. Certified 13th April, 1871. C.M.—Mrs. M. P. Cullen.	105
"	53. St. Francis Xavier's Industrial School for R. C. girls, Ballaghaderreen. Certified 8th June, 1886. C.M.—Mrs. Mary P. Kelly.	75
MONAGHAN, .	54. St. Martha's Industrial School for R. C. girls, Monaghan. Certified 4th November, 1869. C.M.—Mrs. M. J. Moroney.	67
ROSCOMMON, .	55. St. Monica's Industrial School for R. C. girls, Roscommon. Certified 29th November, 1869. C.M.—Mrs. M. J. O'Beirne.	44
"	56. Summerhill Industrial School for R. C. girls, Athlone. Certified 17th October, 1882. C.M.—Mrs. E. Jones.	133
SLIGO, .	57. The Benada Abbey Industrial School for R. C. girls, Tubbercurry. Certified 26th June, 1882. C.M.—Mrs. Bride Fitzgerald.	50
"	58. St. Lawrence Industrial School for R. C. girls, Sligo. Certified 22nd April, 1871. C.M.—Mrs. M. T. Reville.	120
TIPPERARY, .	59. Clonmel Industrial School for R. C. boys. Certified 12th January, 1885. C.M.—Rev. J. Harrington	150
"	60. St. Augustine's Industrial School for R. C. girls, Templemore. Certified 20th August, 1870. C.M.—Mrs. M. R. Crean.	60
"	61. St. Francis' Industrial School for R. C. girls, Cashel. Certified 8th December, 1869. C.M.—Mrs. M. Xavier J. Carroll.	110
"	62. St. Louis' Industrial School for R. C. girls, Thurles. Certified 11th December, 1869. C.M.—Mrs. M. B. Hogan.	45
"	63. Tipperary Industrial School for R. C. girls. Certified 1st May, 1872. C.M.—Mrs. Mary Frances Cantwell.	64

2.—LIST OF INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS—*continued.*

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.	Number for which Treasury Pay.
TYRONE, .	64. St. Catherine's Industrial School for R. C. girls, Strabane. Certified 30th November, 1869. C.M.—Mrs. Mary Joseph White.	100
WATERFORD, .	65. Cappoquin Industrial School for R. C. young boys. Certified 1st March, 1873. C.M.—Mrs. M. J. Cullen.	51
"	66. St. Dominick Industrial School for R. C. girls, Waterford. Certified 13th April, 1871. Was increased to 160 on 27th April, 1897. C.M.—Mrs. Mary A. O'Loughlin.	160
WESTMEATH, .	67. Mount Carmel Industrial School for R. C. girls, Moate. Certified 9th April, 1870. C.M.—Mrs. M. Bourke.	53
WEXFORD, .	68. St. Aidan's Industrial School for R. C. girls, New Ross. Certified 13th November, 1869. C.M.—Mrs. Kate Devereux.	70
"	69. St. Michael's Industrial School for R. C. girls, Wexford. Certified 25th November, 1869. C.M.—Mrs. M. A. Maguire.	106
WICKLOW, .	70. Meath Industrial School for Protestant girls, Bray. Certified 4th October, 1872. C.M.—Mrs. Martha Reddish.	50
"	71. The Rathdrum Industrial School for young R. C. boys under 10 years of age. Certified 31st December, 1883. C.M.—Mrs. Margt. Tynan.	50
TOTALS, . .		7,998

On 31st of December, 1899, there were certificates for —

	Protestants.	Roman Catholics.	TOTAL.
Males, . . .	586	2,925	3,511
Females, . . .	409	3,975	4,384
	<hr/> 995	<hr/> 6,900	<hr/> 7,895
Mixed, . . .		103	103
		<hr/> 7,003	<hr/> 7,998
	Gross Total, .		
	Males.	Females.	Mixed.
Protestant Schools, .	3	5	—
Roman Catholic Schools, .	17	44	1
	<hr/> 20	<hr/> 49	<hr/> 1
'Total, . . .			70

The School at St. Joseph's Home, Killarney, receives both boys and girls—25 of the former and 78 of the latter.

List of PROTESTANT MALE SCHOOLS on 31st December, 1899.

1. Balmoral,	350
2. Cork Industrial School for Protestant Boys,	110
3. Meath Industrial School, Blackrock,	126
Total,	586

List of PROTESTANT FEMALE SCHOOLS on 31st December, 1899.

1. Hampton House,	156	4. Heytesbury-street,	55
2. Shamrock Lodge,	88	5. Meath, Bray,	50
3. Training Home,	60	Total,	409

List of ROMAN CATHOLIC MALE SCHOOLS on 31st December, 1899.

1. St. Patrick's Male, Milltown,	150	13. Limerick, Male,	170
2. Danesfort, Upton,	200	14. House of Charity, Drogheda,	92
3. Passage, West,	50	15. St. Joseph's, Clonmel,	150
4. Baltimore,	150	16. Cappoquin,	51
5. Greenmount,	200	17. St. Kyran's, Rathdrum,	50
6. Killybegs,	100	Total,	2,925
7. Artane,	800		
8. Carriglea,	150		
9. Letterfrack,	150		
10. Salt Hill, Galway,	200		
11. St. Joseph's, Tralee,	100		
12. Kilkenny, Male,	162		

Mixed School.

St. Joseph's Home, Killarney, 25

Total Roman Catholic Boys, 2,950

List of ROMAN CATHOLIC FEMALE SCHOOLS on 31st December, 1899.

1. St. Patrick's, Female, Crumlin-road,	90	26. St. Vincent's, Limerick,	130
2. Abbeyville,	120	27. Our Lady of Succour, Newtownforbes,	145
3. Middletown,	50	28. St. Joseph's, Dundalk,	80
4. Lurgan,	50	29. St. Columba, Westport,	105
5. Cavan,	87	30. Ballaghaderreen,	75
6. Ennis,	80	31. St. Martha's, Monaghan,	67
7. St. Aloysius, Clonakilty,	130	32. St. Monica's, Roscommon,	44
8. St. Coleman's, Queenstown,	46	33. Summer-hill, Athlone,	133
9. Our Lady of Mercy, Kinsale,	150	34. Benada Abbey, Tubbercurry,	50
10. Mallow,	60	35. St. Laurence, Sligo,	120
11. St. Finbar's, Sunday's Well,	172	36. St. Augustine's, Templemore,	60
12. Booterstown,	54	37. St. Francis', Cashel,	110
13. Carysfort,	80	38. St. Louis', Thurles,	45
14. Golden Bridge,	150	39. Tipperary,	64
15. Lakelands,	70	40. St. Catherine's, Strabane,	100
16. Merriom,	150	41. St. Dominick's, Waterford,	160
17. St. Bridget's, Loughrea,	112	42. Mount Carmel, Moate,	53
18. St. Joseph's, Ballinasloe,	60	43. St. Aidan's, New Ross,	70
19. Clifden, Galway,	80	44. St. Michael's, Wexford,	106
20. Oughterard,	40	Total,	3,975
21. St. Anne's, Galway,	77		
22. Pembroke Alms House, Tralee,	70		
23. Kilkenny, Female,	100		
24. St. John's, Parsonstown,	80		
25. St. George's, Limerick,	100		

Mixed School.

St. Joseph's Home, Killarney, 78

Total Roman Catholic Girls, 4,053

APPENDIX II.

1.—REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—RETURNS OF ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, &c., for 1899.

	BOYS.			GIRLS.			TOTAL		GROSS TOTAL.
	Malone, Belfast.	Philpottown, King's Co.	St. Kevin's, Glencree.	High Park, Dublin.	St. Joseph's, Limerick.	Spark's Lake, Monaghan.	Boys.	Girls.	
Under detention, Dec. 31, 1898:—									
In School,	80	266	172	23	22	8	518	53	571
On Licence,	8	1	18	1	—	1	27	2	29
In Prison,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Absconded, Sentence unexpired,	2	1	—	—	—	—	3	—	3
In School, Sentence expired,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total,	90	268	190	24	22	9	548	55	603
Admitted in 1899, sent direct,	22	41	24	6	3	6	87	15	102
" having previously been in prison,	1	6	8	1	3	1	15	5	20
Admitted by Transfer,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total,	23	47	32	7	6	7	102	20	122
Discharged, Transferred, or Died in 1899,	18	63	40	6	8	3	121	17	138
Under detention, Dec. 31, 1899:—									
In School,	88	250	166	24	20	13	504	57	561
On Licence,	5	2	14	1	—	—	21	1	22
In Prison,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Absconded, Sentence unexpired,	2	—	2	—	—	—	4	—	4
In School, Sentence expired,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total,	95	252	182	25	20	13	529	58	587
Average number of inmates,	83	250	175	20	21	11	—	—	—

2.—REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—RETURN showing AGE, STATE of INSTRUCTION, PREVIOUS COMMITMENTS, and SOCIAL CONDITION of the BOYS and GIRLS received during the Year 1899.

SCHOOL.	TOTAL.	Committed.		Ages when Committed.				State of Instruction on Admission.					Previously committed to Prison.			Not previously Committed.	Social Condition on Admission.						
		On Indictment.	Summarily.	10 and under.	10 to 12.	12 to 14.	14 to 16.	Neither read nor write.	Read or read and write imperfectly.	Read and write well.	Superior instruction.	Instruction not ascertained.	Once.	Twice.	Thrice and upwards.		Illegitimate.	Both Parents dead.	Father dead.	Mother dead.	Deserted, or Parents not to be found.	Both Parents destitute or criminal.	Both Parents alive, and not included in any of the foregoing.
BOYS.																							
Malone, Belfast,	23	2	21	.	1	10	12	2	15	6	.	.	9	6	2	23	.	2	4	4	.	13	
Phillipstown, King's Co., . .	47	1	46	.	2	19	26	11	36	.	.	.	6	2	30	2	14	4	.	.	26		
Glencree, Co. Wicklow, . .	32	1	31	2	7	18	5	14	14	4	.	.	10	1	1	20	2	6	7	.	17		
Total,	102	4	98	2	10	47	43	27	65	10	.	.	19	7	3	73	6	24	15	1	56		
GIRLS.																							
High Park, Dublin,	7	.	7	.	1	2	4	1	6	.	.	.	.	.	7	.	2	3	.	.	2
Limerick,	6	.	6	.	1	2	3	.	5	1	.	.	1	.	5	1	2	.	.	1	2		
Monaghan,	7	.	7	1	2	1	3	.	7	.	.	.	.	.	7	.	2	1	.	.	4
Total,	20	.	20	1	4	5	10	1	18	1	.	.	1	.	19	.	3	7	1	1	8		
Total Boys and Girls,	122	4	118	3	14	52	53	28	83	11	.	.	20	7	3	92	9	31	16	2	64		

Reformatory and Industrial Schools in Ireland.

3.—RETURN showing OFFENCES for which JUVENILE OFFENDERS were Sentenced to REFORMATORY SCHOOLS in the year 1899.

36

	Boys.			GIRLS.			TOTAL.		GROSS TOTAL
	Malone, Belfast.	Philipstown, King's Co.	St. Kevin's, Glencroe.	High Park, Dublin.	St. Joseph's Limerick.	Spark's Lake, Monaghan.	Boys.	Girls.	
Larceny and Petty Theft,	-	33	22	7	5	7	55	19	74
" of Fixtures,	-	4	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
" by Servants,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
" from the Person,	6	3	-	-	-	-	9	-	9
" in Dwelling-house,	13	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	13
Attempt to Steal,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unlawful Possession of Goods,	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1
Receiving Stolen Goods,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fraudulent Offences,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1
Embezzlement,	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Horse and Ass Stealing,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sheep Stealing,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cattle Stealing,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Housebreaking, Shopbreaking, &c.,	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Burglary,	-	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	2
Robbery on the Highway,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Attempt to break into Houses, &c.,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arson and Wilful Burning,	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1
Wilful Damage and other Malicious Offences,	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1
Assault,	1	1	1	-	-	-	3	-	3
Assault with intent to Ravish,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forgery,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Uttering Counterfeit Coin,	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1
Vagrancy,	1	1	1	-	-	-	3	-	3
Other Offences,	-	3	3	-	-	-	6	-	6
Total,	23	47	32	7	6	7	102	29	122

Appendix to Thirty-eighth Report of Inspector of

4.—RETURN of SENTENCES passed on JUVENILE OFFENDERS received into REFORMATORY SCHOOLS in the year 1899. Also the modes of disposal of those discharged during the year 1899.

	BOYS.			GIRLS.			TOTAL.		GROSS TOTAL.
	Malone, Belfast.	Phillipstown, King's Co.	St. Kevin's, Glencree.	High Park, Dublin.	St. Joseph's, Limerick.	Spark's Lake, Monaghan.	Boys.	Girls.	
No imprisonment—sent direct to Reformatory schools under Act 56 & 57 Vic., Cap. 48; 62 & 63 Vic., Cap. 12,	22	41	24	6	3	6	87	15	102
GAOL SENTENCE—									
7 Days' imprisonment,	—	—	—	1	1	1	—	3	3
14 Days' "	1	5	8	—	2	—	14	2	16
1 Month and above 14 Days,	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
2 Months and above 1 Month,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Above 2 Months,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total,	23	47	32	7	6	7	102	20	122
REFORMATORY SENTENCE—									
2 Years,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3 Years,	4	7	1	1	2	1	12	4	16
4 Years,	9	14	8	2	3	2	31	7	38
5 Years,	10	26	23	4	1	4	59	9	68
Total,	23	47	32	7	6	7	102	20	122
MODE OF DISCHARGE—									
To Employment or Service,	9	9	10	4	6	1	28	11	39
Returned to Friends,	8	38	14	1	—	1	60	2	62
Emigrated,	—	9	—	—	1	—	9	1	10
Sent to Sea,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enlisted,	—	7	14	—	—	—	21	—	21
Discharged on account of Disease,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Discharged as Incurable or to Penal Servitude,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Transferred,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Died,	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	1
Absconded, Sentence expired,	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Discharged, being illegally committed,	—	—	1	1	1	1	1	3	4
Total,	18	63	40	6	8	3	121	17	138

5.—REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—RETURN showing the Number of Admissions, Discharges, and Modes of Discharge from 1859 to 1899.

—	TOTAL.		GROSS TOTAL.	—	TOTAL.		GROSS TOTAL.
	Boys.	Girls.			Boys.	Girls.	
<i>Admissions.</i>				<i>Discharges.</i>			
1859, . . .	96	44	140	To employment or service, . . .	2,062	571	2,633
1860, . . .	178	68	246	To friends, . . .	2,509	586	3,095
1861, . . .	187	59	196	Emigrated, . . .	976	162	1,138
1862, . . .	141	33	174	Sent to sea, . . .	142	—	142
1863, . . .	119	62	181	Enlisted, . . .	463	—	463
1864, . . .	139	46	185	Discharged as diseased, . . .	53	26	79
1865, . . .	118	42	160	Discharged as incorrigible or sentenced to penal servitude, . . .	51	10	61
1866, . . .	136	27	163	Transferred, . . .	115	97	212
1867, . . .	164	40	204	Died, . . .	175	37	212
1868, . . .	218	48	266	Absconded, sentence expired, . . .	90	9	99
1869, . . .	215	44	259	Discharged — Committal illegal, . . .	5	3	8
1870, . . .	220	45	265	Total, . . .	6,641	1,501	8,142
1871, . . .	235	51	286	Under detention, 31st Dec., 1898, . . .	529	58	587
1872, . . .	249	58	307	Viz.: . . .			
1873, . . .	250	44	294	In school, . . .	504	57	561
1874, . . .	219	65	284	On licence, . . .	21	1	22
1875, . . .	198	46	244	In prison, . . .	—	—	—
1876, . . .	188	57	245	Absconded, sentence unexpired, . . .	4	—	4
1877, . . .	210	65	275	Retained in school, sentence expired, . . .	—	—	—
1878, . . .	228	40	268				
1879, . . .	221	44	265				
1880, . . .	243	52	295				
1881, . . .	231	38	269				
1882, . . .	278	41	319				
1883, . . .	196	54	250				
1884, . . .	199	45	244				
1885, . . .	146	18	164				
1886, . . .	175	30	205				
1887, . . .	146	32	178				
1888, . . .	193	30	223				
1889, . . .	255	23	278				
1890, . . .	127	19	146				
1891, . . .	141	21	162				
1892, . . .	131	14	145				
1893, . . .	110	28	138				
1894, . . .	120	15	135				
1895, . . .	112	10	122				
1896, . . .	110	9	119				
1897, . . .	157	16	173				
1898, . . .	120	16	136				
1899, . . .	102	20	122				
Total, . . .	7,171	1,559	8,730				

There was one boy admitted, in November, 1889, into Philipstown Reformatory School whose sentence was quashed in 1890, and who, therefore, should not have been included amongst the admissions in 1889.

6.—REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—DISCHARGES for the years 1896, 1897, and 1898, showing the number Doing Well, Convicted of Crime, &c., since Discharge, to December 31st, 1899.

	Boys.			GIRLS.			TOTAL.		GROSS TOTAL.
	Malone, Belfast.	Phillipstown, King's Co.	St. Kevin's, Glencree.	High Park, Dublin.	St. Joseph's, Limerick.	Spark's Lake, Monaghan.	Boys.	Girls.	
MODE OF DISCHARGE—									
To Employment or Service,	15	83	60	13	17	2	158	32	190
Returned to Friends,	27	80	63	6	6	3	170	15	185
Emigrated,	—	12	2	—	1	—	14	1	15
Sent to Sea,	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Enlisted,	6	3	15	—	—	—	24	—	24
Specially Discharged,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Discharged as Incurrible or sentenced to penal servitude,	—	—	2	—	—	—	2	—	2
Absconded and not Recovered,	2	1	3	—	—	—	6	—	6
Total,	51	179	145	19	24	5	375	48	423
SUBSEQUENT CHARACTER AND CIRCUMSTANCES—									
Since Dead,	—	4	2	1	—	—	6	1	7
Doing well,	38	159	128	17	23	3	325	43	368
Doubtful,	2	1	4	1	1	2	7	4	11
Reconvicted of Crime,	7	14	10	—	—	—	31	—	31
Unknown,	3	1	1	—	—	—	5	—	5
Recommitted to a Reformatory School,	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Total,	51	179	145	19	24	5	375	48	423

7.—REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—RETURN of RECEIPTS

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.	BOYS.		
	Malone, BELFAST.	Philipstown, KING'S CO.	St. Kevin's, Glencree, Co. WICKLOW.
RECEIPTS.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowances,	1,279 1 2	4,082 19 8	2,676 16 7
Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.,	54 10 6	20 16 0	150 6 0
Payments from County and Borough Rates,	705 7 9	2,531 3 8	1,882 17 8
Hire of Labour,	—	—	—
Sundries,	21 19 4	—	—
Total Receipts,	2,060 18 9	6,634 19 4	4,710 0 3
EXPENDITURE.			
Ordinary Charges.			
Officers' Pay (Salaries and House Wages),	175 1 8	896 0 0	711 18 6
Provisions (Officers),	110 0 0	443 0 0	312 0 0
„ (Boys or Girls),	646 8 5	2,336 7 8	1,352 6 9
Clothing of Inmates,	264 11 10	796 2 10	389 9 10
Washing, Fuel, and Light,	181 16 5	354 16 4	364 8 0
Repairs, Rates and Taxes,	200 14 6	365 15 10	286 2 2
Furniture and House Sundries,	93 11 2	226 2 9	110 11 5
Printing and Office Expenses,	77 2 2	261 17 8	73 1 11
Travelling and Police Charges,	11 17 9	126 12 10	110 5 1
Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c.,	40 7 11	126 4 0	90 19 1
Sundries, Rewards, &c.,	94 19 8	224 15 9	244 14 10
Total Ordinary Charges,	1,896 11 6	6,157 15 8	4,045 17 7
Extra Charges.			
Rent of School Premises,	67 12 8	55 0 0	—
Interest,	133 19 2	20 0 0	—
Disposal, Home,	68 2 4	138 12 6	106 10 4
„ Emigration,	—	60 10 0	—
Building and Land,	234 5 6	276 12 10	161 19 5
Total Extra Charges,	503 19 8	550 15 4	258 9 9
Total Expenditure,	2,400 11 0	6,708 11 0	4,304 7 4
Profit (including Stock on hands and Bills),	549 14 7	225 11 4	57 7 4
Loss,	—	—	—

in, and EXPENDITURE for, the year 1899.

GIRLS.			RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
High Park, DUBLIN.	St. Joseph's, LIMERICK.	Spark's Lake, MONAGHAN.	
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	RECEIPTS.
366 14 10	358 9 8	130 12 5	Treasury Allowances.
13 2 11	—	—	Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.
232 8 1	184 4 6	51 19 10	Payments from County and Borough Rates.
—	—	—	Hire of Labour.
—	19 15 0	—	Sundries.
612 5 10	562 9 2	182 12 3	Total Receipts.
			EXPENDITURE.
			Ordinary Charges.
175 0 0	130 0 0	60 0 0	Officers' Pay (Salaries and House Wages).
—	—	—	Provisions (Officers).
177 0 8	260 2 8	124 11 6	(Boys or Girls).
53 12 11	59 10 7	9 0 0	Clothing of Inmates.
49 5 6	44 17 7	19 15 6	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
13 11 11	37 4 11	8 0 0	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
—	17 10 7	2 0 0	Furniture and House Sundries.
4 6 2	19 15 3	0 10 0	Printing and Office Expenses.
1 10 0	—	—	Travelling and Police Charges.
5 5 0	12 0 7	1 0 0	Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c.
—	25 6 0	1 0 0	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
479 12 2	606 8 2	225 17 0	Total Ordinary Charges.
			Extra Charges.
70 0 0	40 0 0	15 0 0	Rent of School Premises.
100 0 0	104 0 4	—	Interest.
18 15 0	28 8 5	0 15 0	Disposal, Home.
—	6 19 6	—	Emigration.
—	—	150 0 0	Building and Land.
188 15 0	179 8 3	165 15 0	Total Extra Charges.
668 7 2	785 16 5	391 12 0	Total Expenditure.
16 5 7	86 18 1	20 9 6	Profit (including Stock on hands and Bills).
—	—	—	Loss.

8.—REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—SUMMARY showing Expenditure and Cost per Head for the Year 1899.

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.	Cost of Maintenance and Management.	Add Rent and Interest.	Add Expenses of Disposal.	Gross Total of Expenditure.	Deduct Industrial Profit.	Add Industrial Loss.	Net Cost of Expenditure.	Average Number of Inmates.	Net Cost per Head per Annum.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Malone, Belfast, . .	1,896 11 4	201 11 10	68 2 4	2,166 5 6	549 14 7	-	1,616 10 11	84	19 4 10
Philipstown, King's Co., .	6,157 15 8	75 0 0	199 2 6	6,431 18 2	225 11 4	-	6,206 6 10	259	23 19 3
St. Kevin's, Glencree, . .	4,045 17 7	-	106 10 4	4,152 7 11	57 7 4	-	4,095 0 7	170	24 1 9
High Park, Dublin, . .	479 12 2	170 0 0	18 15 0	668 7 2	16 5 7	-	652 1 7	24	27 3 4
St. Joseph's, Limerick, . .	606 8 2	144 0 4	35 7 11	785 16 5	86 18 1	-	698 18 4	24	29 2 5
Spark's Lake, Co. Monaghan,	225 17 0	15 0 0	0 15 0	241 12 0	20 9 6	-	221 2 6	11	20 2 0
Total, . .	£ 13,412 1 11	605 12 2	428 13 1	14,446 7 2	956 6 5	-	13,490 0 9	-	-

Appendix to Thirty-eighth Report, &c.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

9.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—RETURN of ADMISSIONS,

	"Grampian" Training Ship, Belfast.																									
	Balmoral, Belfast.		Hampton House, Belfast.		St. Patrick's, Milltown, Belfast.		St. Patrick's, Crumlin-road, Belfast.		Abbeyville, White Abbey, Belfast.		Shamrock Lodge, Belfast.		Middletown, co. Armagh.		Lurgan.		St. Joseph's, Cavan.		Ennis.		St. Aloysius, Clonakilty.		St. Coleman's, Queenstown.		Our Lady of Mercy, Kinsale.	
	B.	B.	G.	B.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.
Under Detention, 31st Dec., 1898 :—																										
In School (within number paid for under rules).	244	100	156	150	87	81	88	50	45	78	80	130	46	133												
" (in excess of number paid for, or under 6 years).	-	13	21	6	1	6	7	13	1	2	3	15	-	5												
On Licence,	13	12	10	8	11	4	7	2	4	4	-	3	8	3												
Absconded, Sentence unexpired, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-												
Retained in School, Sentence expired, .	-	-	-	-	3	1	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	-												
Total,	258	125	187	164	102	92	103	66	60	85	83	149	54	141												
Admitted by Commitment in 1899, . .	12	59	11	23	15	7	14	3	8	14	16	8	11	29												
" Transfer,	-	261	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-												
" Re-committal,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-												
Total,	12	320	11	23	15	7	14	3	8	14	16	8	11	29												
Discharged, Transferred, or Died in 1899,	270	46	16	29	13	5	14	6	6	13	13	28	11	21												
Under Detention, 31st December, 1899 :—																										
In School (within number paid for under rules).	-	350	156	150	88	90	88	50	45	80	80	122	46	141												
" (in excess of number paid for, under 6 years).	-	7	11	2	2	-	11	10	3	4	3	4	2	7												
On Licence,	-	39	14	6	11	4	4	2	4	2	3	2	6	1												
Absconded, Sentence unexpired, . . .	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-												
Retained in School, Sentence expired, .	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-												
Total,	-	399	182	158	104	94	103	63	52	86	86	129	54	149												
AVERAGE NUMBER OF CHILDREN.																										
(i.) Inmates under Orders of Detention and paid for by Treasury.	*247	284	156	150	88.1	87	88	50	45	80	80	122.1	46	136												
(ii.) Inmates under Orders of Detention but as yet not chargeable to the Treasury, being under 6 years of age.	-	6	11	-	1.9	-	1	3	3	4	-	4.5	2	7												
(iii.) Inmates above the age of 6 years under Orders of Detention but as yet not chargeable to the Treasury, being in excess of the number limited by the rules of the School.	-	4	7	3.75	-	-	8	7	-	-	2	4.1	-	-												
(iv.) Voluntary Inmates (Inmates not under Orders of Detention) supported by the Managers out of funds other than those received from the Treasury.	-	-	2	3.15	-	-	9	1	-	4	-	-	3	5												
Total,	247	294	176	156.9	90	87	106	61	48	88	82	136.7	51	148												
Average Number of Externs attending the School.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	106	-	-	344.9	-	620	-												

* For three months.

DISCHARGES, &c., during the Year ending 31st December, 1899.

Upton, Cork.	Boys' Home, Marble-hill, Blackrock, Cork.	Mallow.	Passage West.	Baltimore.	St. Finbar's, Sunday's Well, Cork.	Greenmount, Cork.	Training Home, Union-quay, Cork.	St. Columba, Killybegs, co. Donegal.	Artane, co. Dublin.	Boosterstown, co. Dublin.	St. Mary's, Carysfort, co. Dublin.	Golden-bridge, co. Dublin.	Carriglea Park, Monkstown.	St. Mary's, Lakehills, Sandymount, co. Dublin.	Meath, Blackrock, co. Dublin.	Merrion, co. Dublin.	Haytesbury-street, Dublin.	St. Bridget's, Loughrea.	Ballinasloe.	Clifden, co. Galway.	Letterfrack.	Oughterard, co. Galway.
B.	B.	G.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	B.	G.	G.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	B.	G.
200	50	60	50	148	172	200	39	100	800	54	79	150	149	70	120	148	29	111	60	80	150	39
8	-	3	1	-	26	5	2	-	2	5	1	8	-	1	-	3	2	2	10	19	2	-
18	2	4	2	5	6	10	-	2	119	11	3	28	25	5	3	6	2	1	1	1	9	1
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	1	6	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	1	1	5	3	-	-
227	52	67	53	154	210	219	41	103	921	70	83	186	174	76	124	161	34	115	76	103	161	40
20	-	12	13	13	13	24	3	10	63	2	8	9	15	8	5	13	-	18	10	10	29	6
2	-	-	-	9	-	8	-	-	17	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22	-	12	13	27	13	32	3	10	80	2	8	9	26	8	5	13	-	18	10	10	31	6
33	11	15	6	32	15	41	7	8	165	13	12	16	29	10	19	25	4	17	6	13	30	4
200	40	59	50	146	172	197	36	100	760	54	75	149	150	68	107	138	28	111	60	80	150	40
4	-	4	7	-	20	1	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	2	9	16	2	1
11	1	1	3	2	6	10	-	1	86	5	3	30	21	4	2	7	2	2	1	1	10	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	-	-	-	1	10	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	10	3	-	-
216	41	64	60	149	208	210	37	105	836	59	79	179	171	74	110	149	30	116	80	100	162	42
189'16	45	59	50	147	172	196'2	37'78	100	774	54	77	149	150	68	112'8	146	29	111	60	80	149	40
-	-	4	7	-	11	2	1'25	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	4	-	2	3	13	-	1
'58	-	-	-	-	9	6	-	1'3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	6	15	2	-
'48	-	4	8	-	5	4	75	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	11	-	-	-
200'22	45	67	65	147	197	201	46'5	101'3	775	54	78	149	153	70	112'6	150	29	114	80	96'3	151	41
-	-	-	245'4	-	-	-	-	-	-	136	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	300	320	-	-	-

9.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—RETURN of ADMISSIONS,

	St. Anne's, Galway.		Saltihill, Galway.		St. Joseph's Home, Killarney.		St. Joseph's, Tralee.		Pembroke Almshouse, Tralee.	Kilkenny Male.	Kilkenny Female.	St. John's, Parsonstown.	St. George's, Limerick.	St. Vincent's, Limerick.
	G.	B.	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.
Under Detention, 31st Dec., 1898 :—														
In School (within number paid for under rules).	77	200	25	78	98	70	162	100	77	100	130			
" (in excess of number paid for, or under 6 years).	3	-	-	-	-	2	4	5	-	11	9			
On Licence,	3	16	2	1	14	5	44	1	3	3	17			
Absconded, Sentence unexpired,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Retained in School, Sentence expired,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	9	1	-	1			
Total,	83	216	27	79	112	78	210	115	81	114	157			
Admitted by Commitment in 1899,	11	34	7	18	18	9	27	12	11	8	22			
" Transfer,	-	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-			
" Re-committal,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	2			
Total,	11	38	7	18	19	9	27	12	14	8	24			
Discharged, Transferred, or Died in 1899,	12	39	6	13	21	12	36	12	20	9	27			
Under Detention, 31st December, 1899 :—														
In School (within number paid for under rules).	77	200	25	78	98	70	162	100	70	100	130			
" (in excess of number paid for, under 6 years).	1	1	2	2	-	1	3	3	-	10	14			
On Licence,	3	14	1	4	12	3	36	3	2	3	9			
Absconded, Sentence unexpired,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Retained in School, Sentence expired,	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	9	3	-	1			
Total,	82	215	28	84	110	75	201	115	75	113	154			
AVERAGE NUMBER OF CHILDREN.														
(i.) Inmates under Orders of Detention and paid for by Treasury.	77	200	25	78	100	70	162	100	70	100	130			
(ii.) Inmates under Orders of Detention, but as yet not chargeable to the Treasury, being under 6 years of age.	-	-	-	2	-	1	3	1	1	1	8			
(iii.) Inmates above the age of 6 years under Orders of Detention but as yet not chargeable to the Treasury, being in excess of the number limited by the rules of the School.	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	9	6			
(iv.) Voluntary Inmates (Inmates not under Orders of Detention) supported by the Managers out of funds other than those received from the Treasury.	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	-	-	40			
Total,	78	201	27	80	100	71	169	106	71	110	184			
Average Number of Externs attending the School.	-	-	87.8	207.4	-	186.3	-	-	-	-	100			

DISCHARGES, &c., during the Year ending 31st December, 1899—*continued.*

Limerick Male.
Our Lady of Succour, N. T. Forbes
House of Charity, Drogheda.
Dundalk.
St. Columba's, Westport.
Ballaghaderreen.
St. Martha's, Monaghan.
St. Monica's, Roscommon.
Summerhill, Girls, Athlone.
Benada Abbey, Tubbercurry.
St. Laurence, Sligo.
Clonmel
St. Augustine's, Templemore.
St. Francis' Cashel.
St. Louis', Thurles.
Tipperary.
St. Catherine's, Strabane.
Cappoquin, Waterford.
St. Dominick's, Waterford.
Mount Carmel, Monte.
St. Aidan's, New Ross.
St. Michael's, Wexford
Meath, Bray.
St. Kyan's, Rathdrum.

**10.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—SUMMARY of ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, &c.,
for the year ending 31st December, 1899.**

	TOTAL.		GROSS TOTAL.
	Boys.	Girls.	
Under Detention, 31st December, 1898—			
In School (within number paid for under Rules),	3,466	4,806*	7,702
" (in excess of number paid for, or under 6 years of age).	50	238	288
On Licence,	345	249	594
Absconded, Sentence unexpired,	3	—	3
Retained in School, Sentence expired,	8	60	68
Total,	3,862	4,853	8,715
Admitted in 1899,	477	478	955
" by Transfer,	328	1	329
" by Re-committal,	1	8	9
Total,	806	487	1,293
Discharged, Transferred, or Died in 1899,	923	663	1,586
Under Detention, 31st December, 1899—			
In School (within number paid for under Rules),	3,387	4,204	7,591
" (in excess of number paid for, or under 6 years).	55	185	240
On Licence,	294	210	504
Absconded, Sentence unexpired,	4	1	5
Retained in School, Sentence expired,	5	77	82
Total,	3,745	4,677	8,422
State of Instruction on Admission—			
Neither Read nor Write,	269	263	532
Read, or Read and Write imperfectly,	184	190	374
Read and Write well,	24	25	49
Superior Instruction,	—	—	—
Total,	477	478	955
Age at Admission—			
Under 6 years,	39	65	104
From 6 to 8,	103	129	232
" 8 to 10,	135	116	251
" 10 to 12,	129	103	232
" 12 to 14,	71	65	136
Total,	477	478	955
Mode of Discharge—			
To employment or service,	363	363	726
Returned to Friends,	153	197	352
Emigrated,	13	31	44
Sent to Sea,	11	—	11
Enlisted,	5	—	5
Specially discharged,	10	1	11
Committed to Reformatory,	—	—	—
Transferred,	328	1	329
Died,	25	43	68
Absconders discharged by expiration of sentence,	2	—	2
Discharged on account of insufficient grounds for detention.	11	27	38
Total,	923	663	1,586

*In last year's Report the number given under this heading was 4,307. This number was incorrect, as one girl, who was discharged on 31st December, 1898, was returned by the Manager as being in School on 31st December, 1898.

11.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—RETURN OF PARTICULARS OF ADMISSIONS

	Boooterstown, co. Dublin.		St. Mary's, Carysfort, co. Dublin.		Golden Bridge, co. Dublin.		Carriglea Park, co. Dublin.		St. Mary's, Lakenheide, Sandymount, co. Dublin.		Meath, Blackrock, co. Dublin.		Merrion, co. Dublin.		Heytesbury-street, Dublin.		St. Bridget's, Loughrea.		Ballinasloe.		Clifden, co. Galway.		Letterfrack.		Oughterard, co. Galway.		St. Anne's, Galway.		Salt Hill, Galway.		St. Joseph's Home, Killarney.		St. Joseph's, Tralee.		Penbrooke Almshouse, Tralee.		Kilkenny Male.		Kilkenny Female.		St. John's, Parsonstown.						
	G.	G.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	B.	G.	G.	G.	G.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	G.	B.	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.			
STATE OF INSTRUCTION ON ADMISSION—																																															
Neither Read nor Write,	2	1	3	10	5	-	6	-	10	2	9	22	1	5	24	7	14	10	6	25	1	1																									
Read or Write imperfectly.	-	6	6	5	3	5	7	-	5	8	1	5	5	4	10	-	4	7	3	2	9	10																									
Read and Write well,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Superior Instruction,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Total,	2	8	9	15	8	5	13	-	18	10	10	29	6	11	34	7	18	18	9	27	12	11																									
AGE AT ADMISSION—																																															
Under 6 years,	-	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	1	2	4	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	6	2	7	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
From 6 to 8,	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	-	3	4	-	8	4	-	6	2	7	1	9	3	1	9	3	1	4	3	8	3	3	19	5	2	4	5	2	4	5	2	4	5	2	4	5	2	4	5	2
„ 8 to 10,	-	2	3	5	2	3	4	-	3	1	3	9	3	1	9	3	2	-	8	2	15	-	2	15	-	2	15	-	2	15	-	2	15	-	2	15	-	2	15	-	2	15	-	2	15	-	2
„ 10 to 12,	-	2	3	8	3	2	3	-	3	2	-	8	2	-	8	2	-	8	2	-	8	2	-	8	2	-	8	2	-	8	2	-	8	2	-	8	2	-	8	2	-	8	2	-	8	2	-
„ 12 to 14,	-	3	1	1	-	-	1	-	3	1	3	6	-	1	9	-	4	-	6	2	7	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total,	2	8	9	15	8	5	13	-	18	10	10	29	6	11	34	7	18	18	9	27	12	11																									
MODE OF DISCHARGE—																																															
To Employment or Service.	6	5	7	20	5	14	21	2	8	3	8	9	2	4	28	-	8	14	11	-	10	9																									
Returned to Friends,	5	4	6	7	4	1	3	2	8	2	-	17	1	3	6	2	3	6	1	7	1	4																									
Emigrated,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Sent to Sea,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Enlisted,	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Specially discharged,	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Committed to Reformatory.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Transferred,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Died,	2	1	3	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Absconders discharged by expiration of sentence.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Discharged on account of insufficient grounds for detention.	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Total,	13	12	16	29	10	19	25	4	17	6	13	30	4	12	39	6	13	21	12	36	12	20																									

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

12.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—RETURN showing the Number of Admissions, Discharges, and Modes of Discharges, from 1869 to 1899.

	TOTAL.		GROSS TOTAL.		TOTAL.		GROSS TOTAL.
	Boys.	Girls.			Boys.	Girls.	
<i>Admissions.</i>				<i>Discharges.</i>			
1869, . . .	65	184	249	To employment or service,	6,572	9,074	15,646
1870, . . .	258	1,171	1,429	To friends, . . .	8,076	4,142	7,218
1871, . . .	499	633	1,132	Emigrated, . . .	468	1,197	1,665
1872, . . .	738	886	1,624	Sent to sea, . . .	437	—	437
1873, . . .	487	657	1,144	Enlisted, . . .	172	—	172
1874, . . .	496	561	1,057	Discharged as diseased, .	367	202	569
1875, . . .	490	513	1,003	Committed to reformatories, . . .	145	60	205
1876, . . .	867	495	862	Transferred, . . .	3,530	482	4,012
1877, . . .	349	596	945	Died, . . .	780	1,211	1,941
1878, . . .	866	499	865	Absconded—sentence expired, . . .	92	10	102
1879, . . .	553	577	1,130	Discharged—committal illegal, . . .	191	344	535
1880, . . .	774	830	1,603	Total, . . .	15,780	16,722	32,502
1881, . . .	524	733	1,257				
1882, . . .	611	752	1,363	Under detention, 31st Dec., 1899, . . .	3,745	4,677	8,422
1883, . . .	483	703	1,186				
1884, . . .	601	703	1,304	Viz.:—			
1885, . . .	963	755	1,718	In school, . . .	3,442	4,389	7,831
1886, . . .	733	906	1,639	On licence, . . .	294	210	504
1887, . . .	862	685	1,547	Absconded—sentence unexpired, . . .	4	1	5
1888, . . .	666	771	1,437	Retained in school—sentence expired, .	5	77	82
1889, . . .	935	711	1,646				
1890, . . .	752	789	1,541				
1891, . . .	651	723	1,374				
1892, . . .	881	704	1,585				
1893, . . .	750	702	1,452				
1894, . . .	751	675	1,426				
1895, . . .	752	815	1,567				
1896, . . .	837	739	1,576				
1897, . . .	778	781*	1,559*				
1898, . . .	747	663	1,410				
1899, . . .	806	487	1,293				
Total, . . .	19,525	21,399	40,924				

*781 girls, not 782 as previously given, were admitted in 1897. In the Returns for that year a Manager treated as a re-committal case where a girl on licence was re-admitted.

13.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Discharges for the years 1896, 1897, 1898, showing the number Doing Well, Convicted of Crime, &c., from their Discharge to 31st December, 1899.

	"Granplan" Ship.	Balmora, Belfast.	Hampton House.	Milltown, Belfast.	Crumlin-road, Belfast.	Abbeyville.	Shamrock, Belfast.	Middletown.	Lurgan.	Cavan.	Ennis.	Clonakilly.	Queenstown.	Kinsale.
MODE OF DISCHARGE—														
To Employment,	64	7	48	50	27	—	21	10	28	19	24	33	16	44
Returned to Friends,	50	4	17	30	32	2	9	10	8	24	14	15	4	12
Emigrated,	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	3	—	1	—	2	—	3
Sent to Sea,	27	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enlisted,	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Specially Discharged,	10	4	2	1	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Absconded and not Recovered,	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total,	154	18	67	82	59	2	32	24	36	44	38	51	20	59
SUBSEQUENT CHARACTER—														
Since Dead,	6	1	—	3	1	—	1	2	—	—	—	1	—	1
Doing well,	128	10	64	74	58	2	29	22	36	43	38	47	20	57
Doubtful,	3	—	2	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Convicted of Crime,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unknown,	17	7	1	1	—	—	2	—	—	1	—	3	—	1
Recommitted to an Industrial School,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total,	154	18	67	82	59	2	32	24	36	44	38	51	20	59

	Danesfort, Upton, Cork.	Boys' Home, Marble-hill Blackrock, Cork.	Malloy.	Passage West.	Baltimore.	Sunday's Well, Cork.	Greenmount, Cork.	Training Home, Cork.	Killybegs.	Artane.	Boosterstown.	Caryfort.	Golden Bridge.	Carriglos.	Lakelands.
MODE OF DISCHARGE—															
To Employment,	55	28	13	—	42	52	68	14	—	367	22	24	36	40	22
Returned to Friends,	40	13	6	2	19	7	45	7	1	74	12	10	36	17	14
Emigrated,	3	—	5	—	4	3	5	—	—	10	—	—	1	—	—
Sent to Sea,	—	2	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enlisted,	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—
Specially Discharged,	2	—	—	1	2	1	3	—	1	14	—	1	—	1	—
Absconded and not Recovered,	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—
Total,	103	45	24	3	75	63	121	21	2	467	34	36	73	60	36
SUBSEQUENT CHARACTER—															
Since Dead,	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	6	1	—	—	2	—
Doing well,	98	42	24	3	71	62	106	21	1	420	33	35	29	58	36
Doubtful,	—	1	—	—	4	—	4	—	—	12	—	—	8	—	—
Convicted of Crime,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unknown,	3	1	—	—	—	1	11	—	—	29	—	1	36	—	—
Recommitted to an Industrial School,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total,	103	45	24	3	75	63	121	21	2	467	34	36	73	60	36

13.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Discharges for the years 1896, 1897, 1898, showing
31st December,

	"Meath," Blackrock.	Merrion.	Heytesbury-street, Dublin.	Loughrea.	Ballinasloe.	Clifden.	Letterfrack.	Oughterard.	St. Anne's, Galway.	Salt Hill, Galway.	Killarney.
MODE OF DISCHARGE—											
To Employment,	49	60	12	20	9	13	40	10	19	92	1
Returned to Friends, . . .	17	17	4	15	18	8	27	7	11	15	8
Emigrated,	—	—	—	4	1	6	1	2	5	8	—
Sent to Sea,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enlisted,	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Specially Discharged, . . .	—	1	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	1	—
Absconded and not Recovered,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total,	68	78	16	39	28	27	70	19	35	116	33
SUBSEQUENT CHARACTER—											
Since Dead,	—	1	2	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2
Doing well,	64	77	13	39	28	27	62	19	35	107	4
Doubtful,	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	3	—
Convicted of Crime,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unknown,	4	—	1	—	—	—	5	—	—	6	5
Recommitted to an Industrial School,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total,	68	78	16	39	28	27	70	19	35	116	33

	Ballaghadereen.	Monaghan.	Rosemount.	Summerhill, Girls.	Benada Abbey.	Siligo.	Clonmel.	Templemore.	Cashel.	Thurles.	Tipperary.	Strabane.	Cappoquin.
MODE OF DISCHARGE—													
To Employment,	9	17	11	31	19	23	37	15	27	17	23	17	1
Returned to Friends,	26	9	7	17	12	39	50	14	17	2	9	28	3
Emigrated,	—	—	1	5	1	3	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sent to Sea,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enlisted,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Specially Discharged,	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	1	1	2	1	—	2
Absconded and not Recovered,	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total,	35	26	19	55	32	65	90	30	45	21	33	45	6
SUBSEQUENT CHARACTER—													
Since Dead,	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	2	1
Doing well,	34	24	19	52	32	62	85	28	44	21	31	43	4
Doubtful,	1	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Convicted of Crime,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unknown,	—	2	—	2	—	—	5	2	1	—	1	—	1
Recommitted to an Industrial School,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total,	35	26	19	55	32	65	90	30	45	21	33	45	6

the number Doing Well, Convicted of Crime, &c., from their Discharge to 1898—continued.

St. Joseph's, Tralee.	Fenbrook Almshouse, Tralee.	Kilkenny, Boys.	Kilkenny, Girls.	Parsonstown.	St. George's, Limerick.	St. Vincent's, Limerick.	Limerick Male.	Newtownforbes.	Drogheda.	Dundalk.	Westport.	
31	23	-	27	19	25	44	53	32	6	17	24	MODE OF DISCHARGE— To Employment. Returned to Friends. Emigrated. Sent to Sea. Enlisted. Specially Discharged. Absconded and not Recovered.
7	11	14	11	16	13	17	29	19	10	18	26	
-	6	2	1	1	1	-	2	3	-	1	2	
3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	2	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
42	40	16	39	36	39	62	87	54	18	36	52	Total.
-	3	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	SUBSEQUENT CHARACTER— Since Dead. Doing well. Doubtful. Convicted of Crime. Unknown. Recommitted to an Industrial School.
38	32	7	37	32	39	61	71	48	12	32	52	
4	2	3	-	2	-	-	2	1	-	1	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	
-	3	6	2	1	-	1	10	5	6	1	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
42	40	16	39	36	39	62	87	54	18	36	52	Total.

Waterford.	Moate.	New Ross.	Wexford.	Bray.	Rathdrum.	Total.		GROSS TOTAL.	
						Boys.	Girls.		
31	24	21	33	19	-	1,031	1,164	2,195	MODE OF DISCHARGE— To Employment. Returned to Friends. Emigrated. Sent to Sea. Enlisted. Specially Discharged. Absconded and not Recovered.
11	4	9	11	2	4	474	674	1,148	
-	-	1	3	2	-	38	75	113	
-	-	-	-	-	-	38	-	38	
-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	14	
-	-	-	-	-	4	51	16	67	
-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	9	
42	28	31	47	23	8	1,655	1,929	3,584	Total.
-	-	-	1	2	1	27	26	53	SUBSEQUENT CHARACTER— Since Dead. Doing well. Doubtful. Convicted of Crime. Unknown. Recommitted to an Industrial School.
42	28	31	46	16	5	1,470	1,806	3,276	
-	-	-	-	4	-	42	23	65	
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
-	-	-	-	1	2	114	74	188	
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
42	28	31	47	23	8	1,655	1,929	3,584	Total.

14.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—RETURN of RECEIPTS in,

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.	"Grampian" Training Ship, BELFAST. Boys.	Balmoral, BELFAST. Boys.	Hampton House, BELFAST. Girls.	St. Patrick's, Milltown, BELFAST. Boys.	St. Patrick's, Crumlin-road, BELFAST. Girls.
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
Average Number of Children paid for by Treasury.	247	284	156	150	88.1
Average Number of Children under 6 years of age, and not yet paid for by Treasury.	-	6	11	-	1.9
Average Number of Children in excess of limit, and not yet paid for by Treasury.	-	4	7	3.75	-
Average Number of Voluntary Inmates.	-	-	2	3.15	-
RECEIPTS.					
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowances, . . .	1,585 13 0	2,936 14 0	2,083 11 9	1,955 7 6	1,143 10 0
Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.	-	190 12 6	14 18 10	-	-
Payments from County and Borough Rates.	604 10 7	2,544 14 9	1,507 7 1	1,320 4 8	815 14 9
Payments for Voluntary Inmates.	-	-	13 7 0	-	-
Hire of Labour, . . .	-	33 19 1	-	-	-
Sundries, . . .	196 8 0	257 6 10	9 6 2	236 15 10	-
Total Receipts, . . .	2,386 11 7	5,963 7 2	3,578 10 10	3,512 8 0	1,959 4 9
EXPENDITURE.					
<i>Ordinary Charges.</i>					
Officers' Pay (Salaries & House Wages), . . .	264 5 6	1,032 2 4	273 13 3	267 14 0	180 0 0
Officers' Rations, . . .	85 0 0	215 0 0	210 0 0	140 0 0	120 0 0
Food for Inmates, . . .	405 11 4	1,218 8 3	793 1 11	957 4 4	518 12 9½
Clothing of Inmates, . . .	261 0 10	993 18 0	392 0 5	391 9 3	219 18 2½
Washing, Fuel, and Light, . . .	64 2 4	290 12 0	463 4 9	208 14 0	161 14 9
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes, . . .	18 1 3	188 5 0	74 8 6	253 12 3	189 4 10
Furniture and House Sundries, . . .	13 12 4	252 13 0	170 13 2	190 8 5	57 16 2
Printing and Office Expenses, . . .	101 19 3	334 2 11	47 3 10	21 1 2	34 2 10
Travelling and Police Charges, . . .	2 0 6	36 9 9	7 9 0	5 8 10	7 6 4
Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c., . . .	30 10 7	127 9 1	44 17 9	36 9 7	32 12 2
Sundries, Rewards, &c., . . .	25 19 0	87 1 11	83 0 11	70 14 1	78 16 8
Total Ordinary Charges, . . .	1,222 2 11	4,776 2 3	2,559 13 6	2,542 15 11	1,600 4 9
<i>Extra Charges.</i>					
Rent of School Premises, . . .	-	221 10 0	238 5 0	50 0 0	80 0 0
Interest, . . .	-	527 17 8	19 15 10	4 11 3	234 0 0
Disposal, Home, . . .	17 19 0	144 17 2	52 0 0	112 10 9	45 0 0
„ Emigration, . . .	-	-	-	-	-
Building and Land, . . .	244 0 11	-	318 3 1	-	-
Total Extra Charges, . . .	261 19 11	894 4 10	628 3 11	167 2 0	359 0 0
Total Expenditure, . . .	1,484 2 10	5,670 7 1	3,187 17 5	2,709 17 11	1,959 4 9
INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.					
Profit (including Stock on hand and Bills), . . .	*30 5 11	276 10 0	317 16 4	37 5 5	2 3 2
Loss, do., . . .	-	-	-	-	-

* For three months.

and EXPENDITURE for, the Year 1899.

Abbeyville, Whiteabbey, BELFAST. Girls.	Shamrock Lodge, BELFAST. Girls.	Middletown, ARMAGH. Girls.	LURGAN. Girls.	St. Joseph's, CAVAN. Girls.	RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	
87	88	50	45	80	Average Number of Children paid for by Treasury.
-	1	*3	3	*4	Average Number of Children under 6 years of age, and not yet paid for by Treasury.
-	8	*7	-	-	Average Number of Children in excess of limit, and not yet paid for by Treasury.
-	*9	*1	-	4	Average Number of Voluntary Inmates.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	RECEIPTS.
1,078 12 5	1,147 3 3	651 16 0	592 8 0	1,001 4 9	Treasury Allowances.
-	-	-	-	-	Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.
474 13 1	1,062 5 5	434 16 0	361 6 9	174 13 11	Payments from County and Borough Rates.
-	-	-	-	150 0 0	Payments for Voluntary Inmates.
-	-	-	-	-	Hire of Labour.
-	51 7 0	-	-	-	Sundries.
1,553 5 6	2,260 15 8	1,086 12 0	953 14 9	1,325 18 8	Total Receipts.
					EXPENDITURE.
					Ordinary Charges.
238 16 0	174 6 8	63 0 0	40 0 0	105 0 0	Officers' Pay (Salaries & House Wages).
60 10 6	127 10 0	-	65 0 0	101 10 0	Officers' Rations.
493 8 4½	521 2 8½	394 7 8	396 10 0	713 6 5	Food for Inmates.
115 2 3½	227 15 2	140 2 9	136 10 0	99 5 4	Clothing of Inmates.
98 19 7	278 10 1	152 18 6	50 10 0	206 3 6	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
79 0 5	92 11 3	82 5 8	30 10 0	140 10 3	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
40 2 4	55 19 9½	71 14 9	10 0 0	31 2 1	Furniture and House Sundries.
14 18 6	38 10 9½	22 15 4	10 10 0	17 0 2	Printing and Office Expenses.
14 10 0	7 7 1	-	-	1 10 0	Travelling and Police Charges.
26 3 6	51 19 0	17 16 6	20 0 0	20 19 6	Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c.
131 7 5	21 2 2	18 2 6	5 0 0	15 0 0	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,307 18 11	1,596 14 ½	963 3 8	764 10 0	1,451 7 3	Total Ordinary Charges.
					Extra Charges.
20 0 0	50 0 0	-	-	200 0 0	Rent of School Premises.
207 6 7	56 11 0	52 0 0	100 12 2	-	Interest.
18 0 0	60 7 9	15 0 0	6 0 0	13 10 0	Disposal, Home.
-	-	-	-	2 0 0	Emigration.
-	49 4 6	-	-	-	Building and Land.
245 6 7	216 3 3	67 0 0	106 12 2	215 10 0	Total Extra Charges.
1,553 5 6	1,812 17 11½	1,030 3 8	871 2 2	1,666 17 3	Total Expenditure.
					INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.
0 4 0	280 2 8½	64 11 11	52 9 4	292 8 9	Profit (including Stock on hand and Bills).
-	-	-	-	-	Loss, do.

* Cost of maintenance not included in expenditure.

14.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—RETURN OF RECEIPTS IN,

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.	ENNIS. Girls.	St. Aloysius', CLONAKILTY. Girls.	St. Coleman's, QUEENSTOWN. Girls.	Our Lady of Mercy, KINSALE. Girls.	Danesfort, Upton, CO. DORK. Boys.
Average Number of Children paid for by Treasury.	80	128.1	46	136	199.16
Average Number of Children under 6 years of age, and not yet paid for by Treasury.	-	4.5	2	7	-
Average Number of Children in excess of limit, and not yet paid for by Treasury.	2	4.1	-	-	.58
Average Number of Voluntary Inmates.	-	-	*3	5	.48
RECEIPTS.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowances, . . .	1,041 14 9	1,691 19 0	599 13 3	1,748 14 9	2,594 9 0
Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.	-	-	-	100 0 0	23 12 3
Payments from County and Borough Rates.	569 10 6	876 15 10	296 7 8	707 4 9	1,406 13 1
Payments for Voluntary Inmates.	-	-	-	60 0 0	-
Hire of Labour, . . .	-	-	-	-	-
Sundries, . . .	-	-	-	70 0 0	11 16 3
Total Receipts, . . .	1,611 5 3	2,568 14 10	896 0 11	2,685 19 6	4,036 10 7
EXPENDITURE.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay (Salaries & House Wages).	62 0 0	46 0 0	90 0 0	77 10 0	358 6 2
Officers' Rations, . . .	86 5 0	133 0 0	30 8 11	144 0 0	295 0 0
Food for Inmates, . . .	614 18 9	1,148 12 3½	413 5 10	1,229 14 4	1,223 16 8
Clothing of Inmates, . . .	131 8 10	307 12 1	65 8 9	410 17 0	472 16 4
Washing, Fuel, and Light, . . .	98 15 3	127 15 6½	47 5 6	202 9 9	354 15 4
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes, . . .	33 13 9	181 16 9	59 15 2	172 1 11	343 13 3
Furniture and House Sundries, . . .	12 8 5	61 17 2	8 9 4	50 8 0	261 7 3
Printing and Office Expenses, . . .	5 3 5	21 19 10	2 15 6	54 8 9	30 11 2
Travelling and Police Charges, . . .	1 10 0	15 3 3	2 9 6	-	26 17 1
Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c., . . .	14 1 3	42 15 7	29 5 3	48 11 4	75 19 5
Sundries, Rewards, &c., . . .	22 12 6	63 0 5½	10 19 8	50 5 0	61 13 1
Total Ordinary Charges, . . .	1,082 17 2	2,149 12 11½	760 3 5	2,440 6 1	3,504 15 9
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises, . . .	41 10 0	-	90 0 0	24 0 0	-
Interest, . . .	250 0 0	362 19 11	-	300 0 0	122 14 6
Disposal, Home, . . .	16 11 6	50 0 0	9 14 2	105 0 0	75 9 11
„ Emigration, . . .	-	12 0 0	-	-	-
Building and Land, . . .	-	225 4 0	-	-	-
Total Extra Charges, . . .	308 1 6	650 3 11	99 14 2	429 0 0	198 4 5
Total Expenditure, . . .	1,390 18 8	2,799 16 10½	859 17 7	2,869 6 1	3,703 0 2
INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.					
Profit (including Stock on hand and Bills). . .	0 2 0	42 19 6	22 0 0	146 14 5	170 7 5
Loss, do., . . .	-	-	-	-	-

* Cost of maintenance not included in expenditure.

and EXPENDITURE for, the Year 1899—continued.

Marble Hill, CORK.	MALLOW.	PASSAGE WEST.	Baltimore, CO. CORK.	RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	
16.	17.	18.	19.	
45	59	50	147	Average Number of Children paid for by Treasury.
-	*4	7	-	Average Number of Children under 6 years of age, and not yet paid for by Treasury.
-	-	-	-	Average Number of Children in excess of limit, and not yet paid for by Treasury.
-	*4	8	-	Average Number of Voluntary Inmates.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	RECEIPTS.
605 14 0	779 19 0	652 7 11	1,932 9 0	Treasury Allowances.
143 2 7	-	40 0 0	10 13 10	Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.
246 14 8	410 17 0	293 18 7	1,087 16 3	Payments from County and Borough Rates.
-	-	104 0 0	-	Payments for Voluntary Inmates.
-	-	-	-	Hire of Labour.
-	-	-	18 10 6	Sundries.
995 11 3	1,190 16 0	1,090 6 6	3,049 9 7	Total Receipts.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	EXPENDITURE.
242 4 0	63 0 0	42 0 0	384 14 9	Ordinary Charges.
59 7 7	48 0 0	60 0 0	150 15 3	Officers' Pay (Salaries & House Wages).
327 11 4 ¹	490 11 8	689 10 0	975 17 8	Officers' Rations.
79 7 0	203 6 2	122 10 0	367 13 10	Food for Inmates.
96 16 5	118 17 9	105 10 0	137 15 6	Clothing of Inmates.
19 13 7 ¹	77 19 3	68 0 0	106 5 1	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
6 13 9	58 9 8	30 0 0	155 16 7	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
2 10 11 ¹	13 11 3	28 0 0	18 14 9	Furniture and House Sundries.
-	2 2 10	1 10 0	9 6 0	Printing and Office Expenses.
0 6 6	22 12 11	20 0 0	29 2 6	Travelling and Police Charges.
22 19 0	14 17 4	15 0 0	34 11 8	Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c.
857 10 2 ¹	1,113 8 10	1,182 0 0	2,370 18 7	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
182 0 0	-	25 0 0	31 16 0	Total Ordinary Charges.
37 19 10	110 0 0	75 0 0	104 5 2	Extra Charges.
35 13 3	60 10 0	10 0 0	42 5 5	Rent of School Premises.
-	-	-	-	Interest.
-	-	26 10 0	10 10 3	Disposal, Home.
255 13 1	170 10 0	136 10 0	183 16 10	Emigration.
1,113 3 3 ¹	1,283 18 10	1,318 10 0	2,559 15 5	Building and Land.
217 0 0	65 1 4	13 0 0	202 11 1	Total Extra Charges.
-	-	-	-	Total Expenditure.
				INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.
				Profit (including Stock on hand and Bills).
				Loss, do.

* Cost of maintenance not included in expenditure.

14.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—RETURN of RECEIPTS in,

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.	St. Finbar's, CORK. Girls.	Greenmount, CORK. Boys.	Training Home, Union-quay, CORK. Girls.	Killybegs, DONEGAL, Girls.	Artane, CO. DUBLIN. Boys.
	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.
Average Number of Children paid for by Treasury.	172	196.2	37.75	100	774
Average Number of Children under 6 years of age, and not yet paid for by Treasury.	11	.2	1.25	—	—
Average Number of Children in excess of limit, and not yet paid for by Treasury.	9	.6	—	*1.3	—
Average Number of Voluntary Inmates.	5	4	7.5	—	1
RECEIPTS.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowances, . . .	2,242 3 6	2,570 6 3	494 5 3	1,303 4 0	10,273 7 0
Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.	21 16 2	70 10 0	8 15 0	—	835 18 6
Payments from County and Borough Rates.	885 9 4	1,277 18 9	116 7 4	816 19 1	5,980 18 7
Payments for Voluntary Inmates.	53 16 8	—	78 15 0	15 4 8	19 11 2
Hire of Labour, . . .	—	—	—	—	—
Sundries, . . .	181 15 0	—	16 5 0	—	73 16 6
Total Receipts, . . .	3,335 0 8	3,918 15 0	714 7 7	2,135 7 9	17,183 11 9
EXPENDITURE.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay (Salaries & House Wages).	311 0 0	652 9 6	50 0 0	426 11 6	2,598 4 0
Officers' Rations, . . .	240 0 0	250 0 0	72 0 0	99 11 6	645 0 0
Food for Inmates, . . .	1,454 12 5	1,556 1 3	385 10 7	802 19 5	6,272 14 0
Clothing of Inmates, . . .	350 10 2	472 0 0	74 5 0	247 2 3	2,043 3 0
Washing, Fuel, and Light, . . .	265 9 11	237 2 10	125 11 11	145 12 9	918 1 3
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes, . . .	94 18 2	179 8 5	16 2 4	32 5 4	807 17 11
Furniture and House Sundries, . . .	141 12 3	176 0 6	14 8 2	81 7 7	366 2 4
Printing and Office Expenses, . . .	21 17 7	29 2 7	8 15 0	18 5 7	328 17 10
Travelling and Police Charges, . . .	18 6 0	11 15 2	—	0 13 2	98 11 5
Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c., . . .	118 1 7	60 0 0	5 6 7	20 0 0	285 17 11
Sundries, Rewards, &c., . . .	12 6 9	87 10 4	34 5 6	—	463 14 7
Total Ordinary Charges, . . .	3,028 14 10	3,711 10 7	786 5 1	1,824 9 1	14,825 4 8
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises, . . .	87 10 0	25 10 0	70 0 0	3 15 0	150 0 0
Interest, . . .	—	85 5 8	—	41 10 5	1,542 2 1
Disposal, Home, . . .	54 15 11	85 1 0	13 0 0	8 4 4	240 15 6
„ Emigration, . . .	14 0 0	8 11 9	4 15 0	—	—
Building and Land, . . .	300 0 0	176 13 8	—	430 19 6	425 4 9
Total Extra Charges, . . .	456 5 11	381 2 1	87 15 0	484 9 3	2,358 2 4
Total Expenditure, . . .	3,485 0 9	4,092 12 8	874 0 1	2,308 18 4	17,186 6 7
INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.					
Profit (including Stock on hand and Bills), . . .	152 15 1	291 5 2	85 18 4	135 4 11	1,225 0 5
Loss, do., . . .	—	—	—	—	—

* Cost of maintenance not included in expenditure.

and EXPENDITURE for, the Year 1899—continued.

Boosterstown, Co. DUBLIN.	St. Mary's, Carysfort, Co. DUBLIN.	Golden Bridge, Co. DUBLIN.	Carriglea Park, Co. DUBLIN.	RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
Girls. 25.	Girls. 26.	Girls. 27.	Boys. 28.	
54	77	149	150	Average Number of Children paid for by Treasury.
-	1	-	-	Average Number of Children under 6 years of Age, and not yet paid for by Treasury.
-	-	-	2	Average Number of Children in excess of limit, and not yet paid for by Treasury.
-	-	-	1	Average Number of Voluntary Inmates.
£ s. d. 703 19 0	£ s. d. 1,017 4 9	£ s. d. 1,955 7 6	£ s. d. 1,955 0 3	RECEIPTS.
-	-	-	43 17 6	Treasury Allowances.
895 5 3	513 4 11	1,086 18 4	1,081 14 7	Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.
-	-	-	20 0 0	Payments from County and Borough Rates.
-	-	-	-	Payments for Voluntary Inmates.
35 0 0	-	-	14 18 0	Hire of Labour.
				Sundries.
1,134 4 3	1,530 9 8	2,992 5 10	3,115 10 4	Total Receipts.
				EXPENDITURE.
				<i>Ordinary Charges.</i>
39 0 0	99 0 0	203 12 11	607 4 0	Officers' Pay (Salaries & House Wages).
80 0 0	-	221 19 10	250 0 0	Officers' Rations.
566 8 3	784 4 6	976 5 10½	997 19 0	Food for Inmates.
60 5 0	184 6 9	299 8 0½	820 5 5	Clothing of Inmates.
146 0 0	136 15 0	149 15 1	208 0 5	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
75 10 1	150 7 8	171 9 0½	151 0 10	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
25 10 0	40 5 4	88 0 1	182 14 10	Furniture and House Sundries.
7 10 4	18 10 0	28 18 11	80 17 1	Printing and Office Expenses.
2 10 0	14 6 3	20 9 5	47 4 2	Travelling and Police Charges.
12 0 0	40 12 6	39 19 0	86 15 2	Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c.
15 0 0	42 9 4	92 9 0	53 19 4	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,028 13 8	1,510 17 4	2,292 7 2½	2,986 0 3	Total Ordinary Charges.
				<i>Extra Charges.</i>
67 17 6	90 0 0	189 15 8	104 5 9	Rent of School Premises.
-	-	405 0 0	364 0 0	Interest.
20 10 0	43 0 0	33 17 10	48 8 5	Disposal, Home.
-	-	-	-	Emigration.
-	-	-	-	Building and Land.
88 7 6	133 0 0	628 13 6	516 14 2	Total Extra Charges.
1,117 1 2	1,643 17 4	2,921 0 8½	3,502 14 5	Total Expenditure.
				INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.
42 6 6	142 10 5	364 19 7½	30 18 5	Profit (including Stock on hand and Bills).
-	-	-	-	Loss, do.

14.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—RETURN of RECEIPTS in,

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.	St. Mary's, Lakelands, Sandymount, Co. DUBLIN. Girls.	Meath, Blackrock, Co. DUBLIN. Boys.	Merrion, Co. DUBLIN. Girls.	Heytesbury- street, DUBLIN. Girls.	St. Bridget's, LOUGHREA. Girls.
	29.	30.	31.	32.	33.
Average Number of Children paid for by Treasury.	68	112.8	146	29	111
Average Number of Children under 6 years of age, and not yet paid for by Treasury.	*2	-	4	-	2
Average Number of Children in excess of limit, and not yet paid for by Treasury.	-	-	-	-	-
Average Number of Voluntary Inmates.	-	-	-	-	*1
RECEIPTS.					
Treasury Allowances, . . .	£ 900 15 3	£ 1,516 6 3	£ 1,915 18 6	£ 382 8 0	£ 1,429 13 9
Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.	-	242 1 0	9 0 0	22 18 3	-
Payments from County and Borough Rates.	462 0 0	765 19 9	1,006 15 6	188 10 1	982 11 4
Payments for Voluntary Inmates.	-	-	-	-	-
Hire of Labour, . . .	-	-	50 0 0	-	-
Sundries, . . .	-	15 5 0	-	0 14 8	-
Total Receipts, . . .	1,362 15 3	2,539 12 0	2,981 14 0	594 11 0	2,362 5 1
EXPENDITURE.					
<i>Ordinary Charges.</i>					
Officers' Pay (Salaries & House Wages), . . .	60 0 0	360 6 8	113 0 0	89 0 2	120 0 0
Officers' Rations, . . .	67 15 0	12 0 0	360 0 0	54 4 8	180 0 0
Food for Inmates, . . .	590 0 0	817 3 10	1,170 0 0	195 4 10	855 10 0
Clothing of Inmates, . . .	156 6 0	315 8 4	548 0 0	67 11 0	302 5 0
Washing, Fuel, and Light, . . .	128 10 0	117 16 5	315 0 0	81 7 0	200 0 0
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes, . . .	60 10 0	135 1 2	281 0 0	18 12 4	250 0 0
Furniture and House Sundries, . . .	44 0 0	109 19 7	31 0 0	4 6 10	100 0 0
Printing and Office Expenses, . . .	15 0 0	17 4 4	66 0 0	5 13 1	14 12 0
Travelling and Police Charges, . . .	1 0 0	8 15 4	-	0 19 0	16 0 0
Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c., . . .	25 0 0	43 18 8	107 0 0	14 8 10	14 5 0
Sundries, Rewards, &c., . . .	16 0 0	374 4 11	13 0 0	16 19 11	24 0 0
Total Ordinary Charges, . . .	1,164 1 0	2,311 19 3	3,004 0 0	548 7 8	2,026 12 0
<i>Extra Charges.</i>					
Rent of School Premises, . . .	92 0 0	-	50 0 0	32 0 0	80 0 0
Interest, . . .	210 0 0	-	142 10 0	-	30 0 0
Disposal, Home, . . .	26 15 0	44 12 6	81 0 0	-	35 0 0
„ Emigration, . . .	-	-	-	4 5 8	5 0 0
Building and Land, . . .	74 0 0	198 0 0	-	-	150 0 0
Total Extra Charges, . . .	402 15 0	242 12 6	273 10 0	36 5 8	300 0 0
Total Expenditure, . . .	1,566 16 0	2,554 11 9	3,277 10 0	584 13 4	2,326 12 0
INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.					
Profit (including Stock on hand and Bills), . . .	58 5 0	-	305 2 7	39 0 11	-
Loss, do., . . .	-	24 12 1	-	-	19 10 0

* Cost of maintenance not included in expenditure.

and EXPENDITURE for, the Year 1899—continued.

BALLINASLOE. Girls.	Clifden, CO. GALWAY. Girls.	Letterfrack, GALWAY. Boys.	Oughterard, Co. GALWAY. Girls.	RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
34.	35.	36.	37.	
60	80	149	40	Average Number of Children paid for by Treasury.
3	13	-	*1	Average Number of Children under 6 years of age, and not yet paid for by Treasury.
6	15	2	-	Average Number of Children in excess of limit, and not yet paid for by Treasury.
*11	-	-	-	Average number of Voluntary inmates.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	RECEIPTS.
782 3 0	1,042 17 6	1,946 7 6	512 11 3	Treasury Allowances.
- - -	80 0 0	- - -	- - -	Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.
552 4 11	718 6 7	1,116 3 10	409 18 0	Payments from County and Borough Rates.
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Payments for Voluntary Inmates.
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Hire of Labour.
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Sundries.
1,334 7 11	1,841 4 1	3,062 11 4	922 9 3	Total Receipts.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	EXPENDITURE.
50 0 0	190 17 0	481 8 0	112 0 0	Ordinary Charges.
60 0 0	40 0 0	320 0 0	99 0 0	Officers' Pay (Salaries & House Wages).
640 0 0	791 2 4	1,052 8 0	260 12 6	Officers' Rations.
274 0 0	285 19 4	342 16 9	62 0 0	Food for Inmates.
108 12 10	140 10 0	207 19 5	100 6 4	Clothing of Inmates.
64 10 0	60 14 0	125 7 11	25 10 6	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
59 12 0	48 0 0	182 16 2	15 0 0	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
5 0 0	15 18 9	29 11 1	12 0 0	Furniture and House Sundries.
8 2 0	- - -	37 18 0	2 10 0	Printing and Office Expenses.
30 0 0	9 18 0	36 0 5	18 0 0	Travelling and Police Charges.
29 2 2	9 10 10	97 0 6	- - -	Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c.
1,828 19 0	1,592 10 3	2,863 6 3	706 19 4	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
				Total Ordinary Charges.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	Extra Charges.
66 0 0	160 0 0	- - -	60 0 0	Rent of School Premises.
100 0 0	13 0 0	120 0 0	- - -	Interest.
20 0 0	40 18 10	- - -	12 0 0	Disposal, Home.
- - -	10 15 0	- - -	6 0 0	Emigration
60 0 0	85 9 4	332 11 10	- - -	Building and Land.
246 0 0	310 3 2	452 11 10	78 0 0	Total Extra Charges.
1,574 19 0	1,902 15 5	3,315 18 1	784 19 4	Total Expenditure.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.
115 0 0	61 9 4	105 8 9	52 16 8	Profit (including Stock on hand and Bills).
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Loss, do.

* Cost of maintenance not included in expenditure.

14.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—RETURN of RECEIPTS in,

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.	St. Anne's, GALWAY.	Salthill, GALWAY.	St. Joseph's Home, KILLARNEY.		St. Joseph's, TRALEE.
	Girls. 38.	Boys. 39.	Boys. 40.	Girls.	Boys. 41.
Average Number of Children paid for by Treasury.	77	200	25	78	100
Average Number of Children under 6 years of age, and not yet paid for by Treasury.	-	-	-	*2	-
Average Number of Children in excess of limit, and not yet paid for by Treasury.	1	1	*2	-	-
Average Number of Voluntary Inmates.	-	-	-	-	-
RECEIPTS.					
Treasury Allowances, . . .	£ 1,000 s. 18 d. 9	£ 2,602 s. 1 d. 0	£ 328 s. 2 d. 2	£ 1,015 s. 11 d. 0	£ 1,298 s. 14 d. 9
Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.	-	-	-	-	-
Payments from County and Borough Rates.	705 11 8	1,792 17 10	147 0 7	215 6 10	955 15 0
Payments for Voluntary Inmates.	-	-	-	-	-
Hire of Labour, . . .	-	-	-	-	-
Sundries, . . .	-	-	-	-	-
Total Receipts, .	1,706 10 5	4,394 18 10	475 2 9	1,230 17 10	2,254 9 9
EXPENDITURE.					
<i>Ordinary Charges.</i>					
Officers' Pay (Salaries & House Wages).	140 0 0	546 15 0	50 0 0	104 0 0	411 4 0
Officers' Rations, . . .	45 0 0	420 0 0	48 0 0	48 0 0	197 5 6
Food for Inmates, . . .	657 3 6	1,513 5 1	175 10 0	549 13 5	853 4 6
Clothing of Inmates, . . .	190 10 0	415 6 10	48 0 0	144 16 7	262 6 5
Washing, Fuel, and Light, . .	109 0 0	238 8 2	45 15 9	62 4 5	180 17 8
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes, . .	151 10 6	241 16 5	16 0 0	32 8 10	84 18 9
Furniture and House Sundries,	15 0 0	128 0 11	30 1 6	3 5 9	57 9 11
Printing and Office Expenses, .	3 0 0	47 0 1	2 0 0	5 3 0	40 15 6
Travelling and Police Charges,	3 7 6	31 10 0	1 15 0	1 5 8	20 5 6
Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c.,	11 18 1	45 16 0	15 10 7	46 10 0	49 10 6
Sundries, Rewards, &c., . . .	-	196 14 5	6 15 0	21 8 8	18 10 0
Total Ordinary Charges, .	1,326 9 7	3,824 12 11	439 7 10	1,018 16 4	2,176 8 3
<i>Extra Charges.</i>					
Rent of School Premises, . .	120 0 0	158 17 0	2 0 0	7 0 0	-
Interest, . . .	40 0 0	93 0 0	36 0 0	200 0 0	-
Disposal, Home, . . .	28 0 0	50 0 0	3 10 0	46 6 0	30 9 6
„ Emigration, . . .	12 0 0	-	-	12 15 0	-
Building and Land, . . .	-	-	-	-	-
Total Extra Charges, .	200 0 0	301 17 0	41 10 0	266 1 0	30 9 6
Total Expenditure, . . .	1,526 9 7	4,126 9 11	480 17 10	1,284 17 4	2,206 17 9
INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.					
Profit (including Stock on hand and Bills).	124 10 0	242 4 9	-	51 15 0	384 11 8
Loss, do., . . .	-	-	-	-	-

* Cost of maintenance not included in expenditure.

and EXPENDITURE for, the Year 1899—continued.

Pembroke Alms House, TRALES. Girls.	KILKENNY, Boys.	KILKENNY, Girls.	St. John's, PARSONSTOWN. Girls.	RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
42.	43.	44.	45.	
70	162	100	70	Average Number of Children paid for by Treasury.
*1	3	1	1	Average Number of Children under 6 years of age, and not yet paid for by Treasury.
-	-	3	-	Average Number of Children in excess of limit, and not yet paid for by Treasury.
-	4	2	-	Average Number of Voluntary Inmates.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	RECEIPTS.
907 0 3	2,128 6 4	1,303 11 9	979 12 6	Treasury Allowances.
-	94 2 3	-	-	Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.
356 0 4	1,202 11 9	651 1 9	490 19 2	Payments from County and Borough Rates.
-	-	-	-	Payments for Voluntary Inmates.
-	-	-	-	Hire of Labour.
-	-	-	-	Sundries.
1,263 0 7	3,425 0 4	1,954 13 6	1,470 11 8	Total Receipts.
				EXPENDITURE.
				Ordinary Charges.
50 0 0	203 0 0	140 0 0	122 3 10	Officers' Pay (Salaries & House Wages).
60 0 0	291 5 4	140 0 0	80 0 0	Officers' Rations.
464 10 5	1,402 5 9	1,142 6 4	583 19 6	Food for Inmates.
286 15 0	324 2 4½	220 3 6½	135 17 6	Clothing of Inmates.
57 6 5	212 11 0	207 3 5	137 3 0	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
62 3 0	11 1 6	200 3 0	92 4 1	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
58 15 2	216 7 6	80 6 3½	44 13 7	Furniture and House Sundries.
10 3 4	48 17 0	40 0 6	17 9 1	Printing and Office Expenses.
-	86 19 7	5 2 0	8 13 4	Travelling and Police Charges.
30 7 5	83 12 2	100 8 0	5 17 0	Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c.
30 11 3	86 15 8	30 6 2	34 18 11	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,060 12 0	2,916 17 10½	2,305 19 3	1,263 4 10	Total Ordinary Charges.
				Extra Charges.
-	73 5 6	17 0 0	78 13 4	Rent of School Premises.
-	352 9 0	234 10 0	-	Interest.
53 10 0	-	36 0 0	25 1 0	Disposal, Home Emigration.
-	-	-	-	Building and Land.
-	406 9 11	200 18 6	-	
53 10 0	832 4 5	488 8 6	103 14 4	Total Extra Charges.
1,114 2 0	3,749 2 3½	2,794 7 9	1,366 19 2	Total Expenditure.
				INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.
51 12 3	93 7 7½	366 11 6	140 14 8	Profit (including Stock on hand and Bills).
-	-	-	-	Loss, do.

* Cost of maintenance not included in expenditure.

E

14.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—RETURN of RECEIPTS in,

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.	St. George's, LIMERICK.	St. Vincent's, LIMERICK.	LIMERICK.	Our Lady of Succour, Newtown- forbes. Girls.	House of Charity, DROGHEDA. Boys.
	Girls. 46.	Girls. 47.	Boys. 48.	49.	50.
Average Number of Children paid for by Treasury.	100	130	169	142.5	90
Average Number of Children under 6 years of age, and not yet paid for by Treasury.	1	*8	-	1	4.3
Average Number of Children in excess of limit, and not yet paid for by Treasury.	9	*6	-	-	-
Average Number of Voluntary Inmates.	-	*40	*75	-	4
RECEIPTS.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowances, . . .	1,303 11 9	1,692 9 0	2,210 12 6	1,864 19 0	1,190 2 1
Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.	-	-	49 10 0	-	-
Payments from County and Borough Rates.	621 6 2	513 6 10	1,025 4 8	1,053 19 3	734 17 9
Payments for Voluntary Inmates.	-	-	-	-	53 0 0
Hire of Labour, . . .	-	-	-	-	-
Sundries, . . .	-	6 4 3	60 0 0	-	-
Total Receipts, . . .	1,924 17 11	2,212 0 1	3,345 7 2	2,918 18 3	1,977 19 10
EXPENDITURE.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay (Salaries & House Wages).	200 0 0	189 12 0	579 16 4	420 0 0	138 0 0
Officers' Rations, . . .	-	212 0 0	335 0 0	-	197 0 0
Food for Inmates, . . .	781 17 2	863 10 8	1,156 14 0	1,409 12 11½	840 5 0
Clothing of Inmates, . . .	195 10 4	309 9 6	436 9 4	172 2 2	280 16 4
Washing, Fuel, and Light, . . .	188 0 5	325 0 2	229 2 0	286 9 11	120 10 0
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes, . . .	90 15 8	294 3 9	152 7 3	280 11 6½	150 15 4
Furniture and House Sundries, . . .	87 11 3	396 0 9	59 9 8	274 7 8	95 16 8
Printing and Office Expenses, . . .	40 14 8	12 13 9	16 8 3	15 3 5	15 6 0
Travelling and Police Charges, . . .	-	16 9 4	31 9 6	-	6 6 2
Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c., . . .	46 2 3	10 5 2	75 12 0	42 11 10	30 0 0
Sundries, Rewards, &c., . . .	45 14 0	4 15 6	28 5 5	133 7 7½	14 0 0
Total Ordinary Charges, . . .	1,626 5 9	2,684 0 7	3,100 13 9	3,034 7 1½	1,888 15 6
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises, . . .	90 0 0	60 0 0	53 2 6	35 0 0	14 0 0
Interest, . . .	283 12 0	-	318 14 11	-	50 0 0
Disposal, Home, . . .	58 5 1	144 0 0	41 12 3	49 11 3	-
" Emigration, . . .	14 10 0	-	-	-	-
Building and Land, . . .	-	-	-	400 0 0	-
Total Extra Charges, . . .	446 7 1	204 0 0	413 9 8	484 11 3	64 0 0
Total Expenditure, . . .	2,072 12 10	2,888 0 7	3,514 3 5	3,518 18 4½	1,952 15 6
INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.					
Profit (including Stock on hand and Bills), . . .	111 16 2	192 6 10½	328 1 0	340 3 8	42 18 10
Loss, do., . . .	-	-	-	-	-

* Cost of maintenance not included in expenditure.

and EXPENDITURE for, the Year 1899—continued.

Dundalk.	St. Columba, Westport.	Ballaghaderreen.	St Martha's, Monaghan.	RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	
51.	52.	53.	54.	
77	103	74	67	Average Number of Children paid for by Treasury.
*2	-	-	2	Average Number of Children under 6 years of age, and not yet paid for by Treasury.
-	-	-	6	Average Number of Children in excess of limit, and not yet paid for by Treasury.
*16	*2	-	-	Average Number of Voluntary Inmates.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	RECEIPTS.
1,042 5 3	1,356 17 6	975 1 3	873 8 3	Treasury Allowances.
-	-	180 0 0	-	Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.
685 17 11	573 7 2	547 8 5	495 15 5	Payments from County and Borough Rates.
-	6 0 0	-	-	Payments for Voluntary Inmates.
-	-	-	-	Hire of Labour.
-	-	-	-	Sundries.
1,728 3 2	1,936 4 8	1,702 4 8	1,369 3 8	Total Receipts.
				EXPENDITURE.
				Ordinary Charges.
148 0 0	44 0 0	131 0 0	170 0 0	Officers' Pay (Salaries & House Wages).
180 0 0	72 0 0	120 0 0	-	Officers' Rations.
843 4 8	899 5 4	680 15 3	723 12 6	Food for Inmates.
252 10 6	360 0 0	124 12 6	193 10 9	Clothing of Inmates.
148 10 0	300 0 0	160 5 3	140 0 0	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
55 10 0	70 0 0	45 5 8	70 5 6	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
76 15 0	10 14 4	37 14 8	52 12 8	Furniture and House Sundries.
10 10 0	39 6 0	24 0 1	1 10 0	Printing and Office Expenses.
6 15 6	12 0 0	8 19 2	-	Travelling and Police Charges.
20 10 0	48 6 0	35 6 4	6 10 0	Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c.
18 5 0	20 0 0	20 0 0	4 10 0	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,760 10 8	1,875 11 8	1,387 18 11	1,376 11 5	Total Ordinary Charges.
				Extra Charges.
33 16 0	-	-	-	Rent of School Premises.
-	216 0 0	225 0 0	-	Interest.
40 0 0	36 0 0	21 0 0	27 10 0	Disposal, Home.
-	-	-	-	Emigration.
-	-	-	450 0 0	Building and Land.
73 16 0	252 0 0	246 0 0	477 10 0	Total Extra Charges
1,834 6 8	2,127 11 8	1,633 18 11	1,845 1 5	Total Expenditure.
				INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.
272 13 2	191 7 0	72 14 11	90 14 2	Profit (including Stock on hand and Bills).
-	-	-	-	Loss, do.

* Cost of maintenance not included in expenditure.

14.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—RETURN of RECEIPTS in,

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.	St. Monica's, RosCOMMON. Girls.	Summer-hill, ATHLONE. Girls.	Benada Abbey, TUBBERCURRY. Girls.	St. Laurence, SUJO. Girls.
Average Number of Children paid for by Treasury.	43	121	50	112
Average Number of Children under 6 years of age, and not yet paid for by Treasury.	-	2	*1	6
Average number of Children in excess of limit, and not yet paid for by Treasury.	-	-	-	-
Average Number of Voluntary Inmates.	20	45	-	48
RECEIPTS.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowances, . . .	556 18 6	1,633 8 9	629 16 8	1,510 14 9
Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.	-	7 0 0	-	-
Payments from County and Borough Rates.	424 7 11	1,045 7 1	363 15 8	1,071 14 2
Payments for Voluntary Inmates.	300 0 0	893 18 6	-	740 17 0
Hire of Labour, . . .	-	-	-	-
Sundries, . . .	-	45 9 4	-	-
Total Receipts, . . .	1,281 6 5	3,125 3 8	993 11 11	3,323 5 11
EXPENDITURE.				
Ordinary Charges.				
Officers' Pay (Salaries & House Wages).	105 0 0	345 10 0	93 0 0	222 0 0
Officers' Rations, . . .	30 0 0	106 6 7	60 0 0	30 0 0
Food for Inmates, . . .	510 11 5	1,108 17 9	338 12 6	1,425 7 3
Clothing of Inmates, . . .	142 18 3	370 4 9	117 8 6	430 16 6
Washing, Fuel, and Light, . .	153 13 10	529 0 4	71 11 4	354 17 9
Repairs, Rates and Taxes, . .	126 16 6	123 6 0	102 10 0	154 13 5
Furniture and House Sundries,	140 0 0	73 2 10	46 4 6	184 10 0
Printing and Office Expenses,	5 8 9	34 16 9	26 9 10	37 14 7
Travelling and Police Charges,	-	9 7 7	10 8 4	6 17 1
Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c.,	48 14 9	21 5 11	22 0 0	39 15 11
Sundries, Rewards, &c., . . .	20 0 0	28 17 1	18 10 6	81 0 0
Total Ordinary Charges, . .	1,283 3 6	2,750 15 7	906 15 6	2,967 12 6
Extra Charges.				
Rent of School Premises, . .	50 0 0	150 0 0	-	190 0 0
Interest, . . .	-	31 17 0	75 10 0	95 15 2
Disposal, Home, . . .	-	-	-	31 10 0
Emigration, . . .	-	-	-	-
Building and Land, . . .	-	80 0 0	-	-
Total Extra Charges, . . .	50 0 0	261 17 0	75 10 0	317 5 2
Total Expenditure, . . .	1,333 3 6	3,012 12 7	982 5 6	3,284 17 8
INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.				
Profit (including Stock on hand and Bills).	4 18 10	204 15 0	65 17 8	342 12 0
Loss, . . .	-	-	-	-

* Cost of maintenance not included in expenditure.

and EXPENDITURE for, the Year 1899—continued.

CLONMEL.	St. Augustine's, TEMPLEMORE.	St. Francis, CASHEL.	St. Louis, THURLES.	RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	
59.	60.	61.	62.	
149.7	60	102.2	43	Average Number of Children paid for by Treasury.
-	-	-	-	Average Number of Children under 6 years of age, and not yet paid for by Treasury.
3.3	-	-	-	Average Number of Children in excess of limit, and not yet paid for by Treasury.
1	1	-	-	Average Number of Voluntary Inmates.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	RECEIPTS.
1,946 1 3	777 17 6	1,328 17 0	563 4 0	Treasury Allowances.
26 0 0	-	-	-	Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.
1,227 4 11	482 16 4	534 3 9	287 15 10	Payments from County and Borough Rates.
16 19 4	10 0 0	-	-	Payments from Voluntary Inmates.
27 17 6	-	-	-	Hire of Labour.
-	-	-	-	Sundries.
3,244 3 0	1,270 13 10	1,863 0 9	850 19 10	Total Receipts.
				EXPENDITURE.
				Ordinary Charges.
451 10 0	88 12 10	22 0 0	197 0 0	Officers' Pay (Salaries & House Wages).
233 14 0	60 0 0	95 0 0	95 0 0	Officers' Rations.
960 5 3½	374 18 10	794 0 3	248 18 6	Food for Inmates.
503 7 1	88 12 7	341 8 2	128 16 0	Clothing of Inmates.
324 8 1	85 7 6	217 7 6	92 3 0	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
62 5 3	190 16 7	150 1 11	13 15 4	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
249 6 8	8 0 3	17 7 8	20 18 0	Furniture and House Sundries.
124 14 7	19 15 7	33 9 6	22 12 0	Printing and Office Expenses.
-	4 6 5	7 3 0	-	Travelling and Police Charges.
25 2 9	7 0 11	28 10 3	20 5 6	Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c.
24 16 10	16 15 1	25 0 0	11 4 6	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
2,959 10 6½	944 6 7	1,731 8 3	850 12 10	Total Ordinary Charges.
				Extra Charges.
-	60 0 0	56 11 7	-	Rent of School Premises
159 12 6	75 0 0	35 0 0	15 0 0	Interest.
44 5 0	-	88 0 0	30 14 3	Disposal, Home.
1 13 0	-	-	-	Emigration.
83 11 6	-	-	-	Building and Land.
289 2 0	135 0 0	179 11 7	45 14 3	Total Extra Charges.
3,248 12 6½	1,079 6 7	1,910 19 10	896 7 1	Total Expenditure.
				INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.
184 18 6½	87 7 6	88 19 1	64 7 3	Profit (including Stock on hand and Bills).
-	-	-	-	Loss, do.

14.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—RETURN OF RECEIPTS IN

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.	TIPPERARY.	St. Catherine's, STRABANE.	Cappoquin, WATERFORD.	St. Dominick's, WATERFORD.	Mount Carmel, MOATE.
	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.
	63.	64.	65.	66.	67.
Average Number of Children paid for by Treasury.	63.9	77	50	160	47.5
Average Number of Children under 6 years of age, and not yet paid for by Treasury.	*2.3	2	1	2	1
Average Number of Children in excess of limit, and not yet paid for by Treasury.	*3.2	—	—	5	—
Average Number of Voluntary Inmates.	*11.3	*1	4	6	—
RECEIPTS.					
Treasury Allowances, . . .	£ s. d. 834 6 0	£ s. d. 1,096 19 9	£ s. d. 659 14 6	£ s. d. 2,085 18 3	£ s. d. 628 12 0
Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.	—	—	—	67 3 2	—
Payments from County and Borough Rates.	131 18 4	419 6 11	348 6 0	895 7 7	354 4 4
Payments for Voluntary Inmates.	5 13 6	—	47 6 8	—	—
Hire of Labour, . . .	—	—	—	—	—
Sundries, . . .	—	—	—	—	—
Total Receipts, . . .	971 17 10	1,516 6 8	1,055 7 2	3,048 4 0	982 16 4
EXPENDITURE.					
<i>Ordinary Charges.</i>					
Officers' Pay (Salaries & House Wages).	108 15 2	8 0 0	103 12 0	210 0 0	117 0 0
Officers' Rations, . . .	98 1 5	52 0 0	84 0 0	130 10 9	50 0 0
Food for Inmates, . . .	577 12 8	791 0 0	437 11 2	1,425 17 3	342 18 11
Clothing of Inmates, . . .	196 14 10	187 5 1	114 8 1	500 0 0	126 10 7
Washing, Fuel, and Light, . . .	101 3 7	112 0 0	126 13 11	329 0 9	97 6 6
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes, . . .	16 1 5	166 10 2	25 8 6	90 10 8	20 19 0
Furniture and House Sundries, . . .	29 8 7	55 0 0	49 2 11	206 11 5	32 4 7
Printing and Office Expenses, . . .	10 9 9	14 3 0	8 16 2	47 3 10	2 17 6
Travelling and Police Charges, . . .	—	5 17 7	0 16 0	6 8 7	0 18 4
Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c.	18 16 5	51 5 10	28 8 6	86 9 10	20 0 0
Sundries, Rewards, &c., . . .	21 10 7	17 10 0	25 13 4	63 2 4	9 14 7
Total Ordinary Charges, . . .	1,178 14 5	1,460 11 8	1,004 10 7	3,095 14 8	820 10 0
<i>Extra Charges.</i>					
Rent of School Premises, . . .	32 0 0	—	20 0 0	100 0 0	21 0 0
Interest, . . .	215 12 0	142 10 0	—	130 0 0	100 0 0
Disposal, Home, . . .	17 0 0	56 0 0	1 10 0	70 13 6	16 6 1
„ Emigration, . . .	9 3 7	—	—	—	—
Building and Land, . . .	—	—	—	—	15 10 0
Total Extra Charges, . . .	273 15 7	198 10 0	21 10 0	300 13 6	152 16 1
Total Expenditure, . . .	1,452 10 0	1,659 1 8	1,026 0 7	3,396 8 2	973 6 1
INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.					
Profit (including Stock on hand and Bills), . . .	491 8 2	102 18 0	—	246 5 11	112 10 0
Loss, do., . . .	—	—	14 6 4	—	—

* Cost of maintenance not included in expenditure.

and EXPENDITURE for, the Year 1899—continued.

St. Aidan's, New Ross.	St. Michael's, Wexford.	Meath, Bray.	St. Kyran's, Rathdrum, Co. Wicklow.	RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	
68.	69.	70	71.	
70	102	44-88	50	Average Number of Children paid for by Treasury.
-	*2	-	1-4	Average Number of Children under 6 years of age, and not yet paid for by Treasury.
-	-	-	1	Average Number of Children in excess of limit, and not yet paid for by Treasury.
1	2	-	8-8	Average Number of Voluntary Inmates.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	RECEIPTS.
912 10 0	1,337 3 8	566 6 9	665 17 4	Treasury Allowances.
-	-	101 12 8	-	Subscriptions, Legacies, Donations, &c.
398 13 5	646 12 1	292 11 10	332 0 5	Payments* from County and Borough Rates.
10 10 0	35 9 0	-	123 15 7	Payments for Voluntary Inmates.
-	-	-	-	Hire of Labour.
-	-	24 6 4	-	Sundries.
1,321 13 5	2,019 4 4	984 17 2	1,121 13 4	Total Receipts.
				EXPENDITURE.
				Ordinary Charges.
128 0 0	176 0 0	126 8 3	263 0 0	Officers' Pay (Salaries & House Wages).
-	224 0 0	47 12 0	105 0 0	Officers' Rations.
599 15 0	965 16 0	258 10 9	385 16 10	Food for Inmates.
165 1 1	207 16 0	102 18 8	84 5 0	Clothing of Inmates.
76 2 2	191 5 6	184 2 2	123 4 0½	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
61 18 0	160 0 2	52 16 3	36 17 5	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
79 10 0	73 16 0	47 11 6	54 19 9	Furniture and House Sundries.
11 10 0	7 0 0	28 4 1	12 8 2	Printing and Office Expenses.
-	4 7 1	8 12 5	15 14 5	Travelling and Police Charges.
22 2 0	28 6 5	7 17 5	34 14 2	Medical Expenses, Funerals, &c.
9 6 0	62 15 4	6 9 0	14 5 0	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,153 4 3	2,101 2 6	871 2 6	1,130 4 9½	Total Ordinary Charges.
				Extra Charges.
30 0 0	8 0 0	-	-	Rent of School Premises.
179 0 0	35 0 0	95 7 4	70 0 0	Interest.
33 1 3	49 14 0	-	-	Disposal Home.
-	-	-	-	Emigration.
-	200 0 0	-	-	Building and Land.
242 1 3	292 14 0	95 7 4	70 0 0	Total Extra Charges.
1,395 5 6	2,393 16 6	966 9 10	1,200 4 9½	Total Expenditure.
				INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.
79 11 0	144 15 1	87 8 8	-	Profit (including Stock on hand and Bills).
-	-	-	8 15 10	Loss do.

*Cost of maintenance not included in expenditure.

15.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—SUMMARY of ACCOUNTS of RECEIPTS

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.	Total Number of Children whose Maintenance is included in Expenditure.	Total Cost of Maintenance and Management.	Add Rent and Interest.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1. Grampian,	247	1,222 2 11	—
2. Balmoral,	294	4,776 2 3	749 7 8
3. Hampton House,	176	2,559 13 6	258 0 10
4. St. Patrick's, Milltown,	156·9	2,542 15 11	54 11 3
5. St. Patrick's, Crumlin Road,	90	1,600 4 9	314 0 0
6. Sacred Heart, Abbeyville,	87	1,307 18 11	227 6 7
7. Shamrock Lodge,	97	1,596 14 8½	108 11 0
8. Middletown,	50	963 3 8	52 0 0
9. Lurgan,	48	764 10 0	100 12 2
10. St. Joseph's, Cavan,	84	1,451 7 8	200 0 0
11. Ennis,	82	1,082 17 2	291 10 0
12. St. Aloysius, Clonakilty,	136·7	2,149 12 11½	362 19 11
13. St. Coleman's, Queenstown,	48	760 3 5	90 0 0
14. Our Lady of Mercy, Kinsale,	148	2,440 6 1	824 0 0
15. Danesfort, Upton,	200·2	3,504 15 9	122 14 6
16. Cork Protestant School,	45	857 10 2½	219 19 10
17. Mallow,	59	1,113 8 10	110 0 0
18. Passage West,	65	1,182 0 0	100 0 0
19. Baltimore,	147	2,370 18 7	136 1 2
20. St. Finbar's, Cork,	197	3,028 14 10	87 10 0
21. Greenmount, Cork,	201	3,711 10 7	110 15 8
22. Training Home,	46·5	786 5 1	70 0 0
23. Killybegs,	100	1,824 9 1	45 5 5
24. Artane,	775	14,828 4 8	1,692 2 1
25. Booterstown,	54	1,028 13 8	67 17 6
26. St. Mary's, Carysfort,	78	1,510 17 4	90 0 0
27. Golden Bridge,	149	2,292 7 2½	594 15 8
28. Carriglea,	153	2,986 0 3	468 5 9
29. St. Mary's, Lakelands,	68	1,164 1 0	302 0 0
30. Meath, co. Dublin,	112·8	2,311 19 3	—
31. Merrion,	150	3,004 0 0	192 10 0
32. Heytesbury-street, Dublin,	29	548 7 8	32 0 0
33. St. Bridget's, Loughrea,	113	2,026 12 0	110 0 0
34. St. Joseph's, Ballinasloe,	69	1,328 19 0	166 0 0
35. Clifden,	96·3	1,592 10 3	173 0 0
36. Letterfrack,	151	2,862 6 3	120 0 0
37. Oughterard,	40	706 19 4	60 0 0
38. St. Anne's, Galway,	78	1,326 9 7	160 0 0
39. Salt Hill, Galway,	201	3,824 12 11	251 17 0

and EXPENDITURE during the Year ending 31st December, 1899.

Add Expenses of Disposal.	Deduct Industrial Profit.	Add Industrial Loss.	Net Cost per Head with these additions or deductions.	INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
17 19 0	30 5 11	—	*4 17 11	Grampian.
144 17 2	276 10 0	—	18 6 11	Balmoral.
82 0 0	317 18 4	—	14 9 11	Hampton House.
112 10 9	37 5 5	—	17 0 8	St. Patrick's, Milltown.
45 0 0	2 8 2	—	21 14 10	St. Patrick's, Crumlin Road.
18 0 0	0 4 0	—	17 17 0	Sacred Heart, Abbeyville.
60 7 9	280 2 8½	—	15 5 10	Shamrock Lodge.
15 0 0	64 11 11	—	19 6 3	Middletown.
6 0 0	52 9 4	—	17 1 1	Lurgan.
15 10 0	292 8 9	—	16 17 3	St. Joseph's, Cavan.
16 11 6	0 2 0	—	16 19 2	Ennis.
62 0 0	42 19 6	—	18 10 4	St. Aloysius, Clonakilty.
9 14 2	22 0 0	—	17 9 1	St. Coleman's, Queenstown.
105 0 0	146 14 5	—	18 7 11	Our Lady of Mercy, Kinsale.
75 9 11	170 7 5	—	17 11 10	Danesfort, Upton.
35 13 3	217 0 0	—	19 18 3	Cork Protestant School.
60 10 0	65 1 4	—	20 13 2	Mallow.
10 0 0	13 0 0	—	19 13 4	Passage West.
42 5 5	202 11 1	—	15 19 3	Baltimore.
68 15 11	162 15 1	—	15 7 10	St. Finbar's, Cork.
93 12 9	291 5 2	—	18 0 8	Greenmount, Cork.
17 15 0	85 18 4	—	16 18 11	Training Home.
8 4 4	135 4 11	—	17 8 6	Killybegs.
240 15 6	1,225 0 5	—	20 0 11	Artane.
20 10 0	42 6 6	—	19 18 0	Boooterstown.
43 0 0	142 10 5	—	19 4 11	St. Mary's, Carysfort.
33 17 10	364 19 7½	—	17 3 1	Golden Bridge.
48 8 5	30 18 5	—	22 13 10	Carriglea.
26 15 0	58 5 0	—	21 1 11	St. Mary's, Lakelands.
44 12 6	—	24 12 1	21 2 2	Meath, co. Dublin.
81 0 0	305 2 7	—	19 16 3	Merrion.
4 5 8	39 0 11	—	21 10 2	Heytesbury-street, Dublin.
40 0 0	—	19 10 0	19 8 8	St. Bridget's, Loughrea.
20 0 0	115 0 0	—	20 5 9	St. Joseph's, Ballinasloe.
61 13 10	61 9 4	—	18 4 7	Clifden.
—	105 8 9	—	19 1 2	Letterfrack.
18 0 0	52 16 8	—	18 6 0	Oughterard.
40 0 0	124 10 0	—	17 19 5	St. Anne's, Galway.
50 9 0	242 4 9	—	19 6 5	Salt Hill, „

* This is the net cost per head for three months only.

15.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—SUMMARY of ACCOUNTS of RECEIPTS and

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.	Total Number of Children whose Maintenance is included in Expenditure.	Total Cost of Maintenance and Management.	Add Rent and Interest.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
40. St Joseph's, Killarney, . . .	103	1,458 4 2	245 0 0
41. St. Joseph's, Tralee, . . .	100	2,176 8 3	—
42. Pembroke Alms House, Tralee, . .	70	1,060 12 0	—
43. Kilkenny, Boys, . . .	169	2,916 17 10½	425 14 6
44. Do. Girls, . . .	106	2,305 19 3	251 10 0
45. St. John's Parsonstown, . . .	71	1,263 4 10	78 13 4
46. St. George's, Limerick, . . .	110	1,626 5 9	273 12 0
47. St. Vincent's, Limerick, . . .	130	2,634 0 7	60 0 0
48. Limerick, Boys, . . .	169	3,100 13 9	371 17 5
49. Our Lady of Succour, Newtownforbes,	142½	3,034 7 1½	35 0 0
50. House of Charity, Drogheda, . .	98½	1,888 15 6	64 0 0
51. Dundalk, . . .	77	1,760 10 8	33 16 0
52. St. Columba, Westport, . . .	103	1,875 11 8	216 0 0
53. Ballaghaderreen, . . .	74	1,387 18 11	225 0 0
54. St. Martha's, Monaghan, . . .	75	1,367 11 5	—
55. St. Monica's, Roscommon, . . .	63	1,283 3 6	50 0 0
56. Summerhill, Athlone, . . .	168	2,750 15 7	181 17 0
57. Benada Abbey, Tubbercurry, . .	50	906 15 6	75 10 0
58. St. Laurence, Sligo, . . .	161	2,967 12 6	285 15 2
59. Clonmel, . . .	154	2,959 10 6½	159 12 6
60. St. Augustine's, Templemore, . .	61	944 6 7	135 0 0
61. St. Francis, Cashel, . . .	102½	1,731 8 3	91 11 7
62. St. Louis, Thurles, . . .	43	850 12 10	15 0 0
63. Tipperary, . . .	63½	1,173 14 5	247 12 0
64. St. Catherine's, Strabane, . . .	79	1,460 11 8	142 10 0
65. Cappoquin, . . .	55	1,004 10 7	20 0 0
66. St. Dominick, Waterford, . . .	173	3,095 14 8	230 0 0
67. Mount Carmel, Moate, . . .	48½	820 10 0	121 0 0
68. St. Aidan's, New Ross, . . .	71	1,153 4 3	209 0 0
69. St. Michael's, Wexford, . . .	104	2,101 2 6	43 0 0
70. Meath, Bray, . . .	44½	871 2 6	95 7 4
71. St. Kyran's, Rathdrum, . . .	61½	1,130 4 9½	70 0 0

EXPENDITURE during the Year ending 31st December, 1890—continued.

Add Expenses of Disposal.	Deduct Industrial Profit.	Add Industrial Loss.	Net Cost per Head with those additions or deductions.	INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
62 11 0	51 15 0	—	16 12 9	St. Joseph's, Killarney.
30 9 6	364 11 8	—	18 8 5	St. Joseph's, Tralee.
53 10 0	51 12 3	—	15 2 7	Pembroke Alms House, Tralee.
—	93 7 7½	—	19 4 6	Kilkenny Boys.
36 0 0	366 11 6	—	21 0 2	Do. Girls.
25 1 0	140 14 8	—	17 5 5	St. John's, Parsonstown.
72 15 1	111 16 2	—	17 16 6	St. George's, Limerick.
144 0 0	192 6 10½	—	20 7 0	St. Vincent's, Limerick.
41 12 3	228 1 0	—	18 17 0	Limerick, Boys.
49 11 3	340 3 8	—	19 10 1	Our Lady of Succour, Newtownforbes.
—	42 18 10	—	19 8 7	House of Charity, Drogheda.
40 0 0	272 13 2	—	20 5 7	Dundalk.
36 0 0	191 7 0	—	18 15 11	St. Columba, Westport.
21 0 0	72 14 11	—	21 1 11	Ballaghaderreen.
27 10 0	90 14 2	—	17 7 9	St. Martha's, Monaghan.
—	4 18 10	—	21 1 7	St. Monica's, Roscommon.
—	204 15 0	—	22 15 8	Summerhill, Athlone.
—	65 17 8	—	18 6 6	Benada Abbey, Tubbercurry.
31 10 0	342 12 0	—	18 5 6	St. Laurence, Sligo.
45 18 0	184 18 6½	—	19 7 0	Clonmel.
—	37 7 6	—	17 1 7	St. Augustine's, Templemore.
88 0 0	88 19 1	—	17 16 6	St. Francis, Cashel.
30 14 3	64 7 3	—	19 6 11	St. Louis, Thurles.
26 3 7	491 8 2	—	15 0 9	Tipperary.
56 0 0	102 18 0	—	19 13 11	St. Catherine's, Strabane.
1 10 0	—	14 6 4	18 18 3	Cappoquin.
70 13 6	246 5 11	—	18 4 2	St. Dominick, Waterford.
16 6 1	112 10 0	—	17 8 6	Mount Carmel, Moate.
33 1 3	79 11 0	—	18 10 7	St. Aidan's, New Ross.
49 14 0	144 15 1	—	19 14 0	St. Michael's, Wexford.
—	87 8 8	—	19 12 5	Meath, Bray.
—	—	3 15 10	19 13 5	St. Kyran's, Rathdrum.

18.—RETURN giving (1st), the Population of each County and Town in Ireland as taken at the Census, 1891; (2nd), the Amount paid by each County for support of Children in Reformatory Schools during the past year (1899); (3rd), the Number of Children under Detention in Reformatory Schools from each County on 31st December, 1899.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	Population.	Amount contributed in 1899.	No. of Children under Detention in Reformatory Schools from each County on 31st Dec., 1899.
		£ s. d.	
Antrim,	428,128	1,007 8 8	122
Armagh,	143,289	25 11 7	4
Carlow,	40,936	11 8 2	2
Cavan,	111,917	49 18 1	2
Clare,	124,483	67 2 3	2
Cork,	383,087	159 4 1	19
Cork City,	75,345	172 8 10	50
Donegal,	185,686	11 1 4	2
Down,	267,059	191 19 8	23
Dublin,	174,215	169 19 8	27
Dublin City,	245,001	2,357 8 2	214
Fermanagh,	74,170	63 5 9	4
Galway,	197,753	99 14 5	7
Galway Town,	16,959	39 12 5	3
Kerry,	179,136	176 5 4	15
Kildare,	70,206	53 14 10	4
Kilkenny,	76,213	—	—
Kilkenny City,	11,048	31 13 4	6
King's,	65,563	52 7 1	6
Leitrim,	78,618	—	1
Limerick,	121,757	43 6 0	4
Limerick City,	37,155	68 14 9	10
Londonderry,	152,009	78 6 1	14
Longford,	52,647	47 15 11	2
Louth,	59,165	23 7 2	2
Drogheda Town,	11,873	30 19 7	4
Mayo,	219,034	13 0 8	2
Meath,	76,987	21 7 3	2
Monaghan,	86,206	—	—
Queen's,	64,883	68 14 5	4
Rosecommon,	114,397	32 7 0	4
Sligo,	98,013	39 16 11	5
Tipperary, N.R.,	76,220	11 18 10	1
Tipperary, S.R.,	96,968	113 2 0	11
Tyrone,	171,401	44 18 7	4
Waterford,	77,399	87 12 5	3
Waterford City,	20,862	8 5 4	10
Westmeath,	65,109	60 3 10	0
Wexford,	111,778	2 7 10	—
Wicklow,	62,136	51 18 3	6
Total,	4,704,750	5,588 1 6	587

All the children chargeable to the city of Belfast are included in the county Antrim figures.

19.—RETURN giving (1st), the Population of each County and Town in Ireland as taken at Census, 1891; (2nd), the Amount paid by each County for support of Children in Industrial Schools during the past year (1899); (3rd), the Number of Children under Detention in Industrial Schools from each County on 31st December, 1899.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	Population.	Amount contributed in 1899.	No. of Children under Detention in Industrial Schools from each County on 31st Dec., 1899.
Antrim,	428,128	£ s. d. 8,639 14 9	1,048
Armagh,	143,289	739 0 7	89
Carlow,	40,936	4 7 2	5
Cavan,	111,917	—	66
Clare,	124,483	1,027 18 8	149
Cork,	363,087	3,527 1 6	579
Cork City,	75,345	922 15 0	267
Donegal,	185,635	337 16 11	67
Down,	267,059	405 10 1	51
Dublin,	174,215	4,130 10 5	592
Dublin City,	245,001	13,505 18 3	2,209
Fermanagh,	74,170	220 3 5	22
Galway,	107,753	3,566 4 5	438
Galway Town,	16,959	1,228 2 2	140
Kerry,	179,136	1,854 0 4	316
Kildare,	70,205	630 12 11	65
Kilkenny,	76,213	789 16 4	100
Kilkenny City,	11,048	470 8 11	80
King's,	65,563	311 11 7	54
Leitrim,	78,618	166 18 0	32
Limerick,	121,757	949 16 0	186
Limerick City,	57,155	511 11 8	170
Londonderry,	152,009	528 14 0	62
Longford,	52,647	485 1 11	39
Louth,	59,165	800 14 7	86
Drogheda Town,	11,873	287 3 5	45
Mayo,	219,084	1,872 7 5	231
Meath,	76,987	199 11 10	26
Monaghan,	86,206	412 5 7	65
Queen's,	64,883	41 10 1	18
Roscommon,	114,397	1,347 4 10	181
Sligo,	98,013	1,507 12 0	125
Tipperary, N. R.,	76,220	449 12 2	77
Tipperary, S. R.,	98,968	453 11 7	108
Tyrone,	171,401	600 12 2	109
Waterford,	77,399	181 15 1	55
Waterford City,	20,852	1,037 5 5	170
Westmeath,	65,109	313 10 6	46
Wexford,	111,778	1,111 13 0	141
Wicklow,	62,136	457 11 11	55
Total,	4,704,750	55,478 1 7	3,422

All the children chargeable to the city of Belfast are included in the county Antrim figures.

20.—RETURN showing the Rates paid by each County per Head per Week for Children in Industrial and Reformatory Schools during the Year ending 31st of December, 1899.

County Council or County Borough Council.	Rates.		Observations.
	To Reformatories.	To Industrial Schools.	
Co. Antrim, . .	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. to Killybegs; 2s. 6d. to all others.
„ Armagh, . .	2s. 6d. & 1s. 6d.	2s. 6d. & 1s. 6d.	2s. 6d. for boys; 1s. 6d. for girls.
„ Carlow, . .	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. to Greenmount; 2s. 6d. to Meath, Bray.
„ Cavan, . .	2s. 6d.	Nil.	—
„ Clare, . .	2s. 6d.	2s.	—
„ Cork, . .	2s. 6d.	2s.	—
City of Cork, .	2s. 6d.	2s., 1s. 6d., and 1s.	2s. and 1s. 6d. for boys; 1s. 6d. and 1s. for girls.
Co. Donegal, . .	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d., 2s., and 1s. 6d.	2s. 6d. for children in the Lurgan, Drogheda, Danesfort, and Killybegs Schools; 2s. for children in the Baltimore, Middletown, and Rathdrum Schools; 1s. 6d. for children in Strabane School.
„ Down, . .	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d.	—
„ Dublin, . .	2s. 6d.	2s.	—
City of Dublin, .	3s. 6d. and 3s.	2s.	3s. 6d. to Glencree; 2s. to all others.
Co. Fermanagh, .	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. to Clifden; 2s. 6d. to all others.
„ Galway, . .	2s. 6d.	2s.	—
„ Kerry, . .	2s. 6d.	2s. and 1s.	2s. for boys; 1s. for girls.
„ Kildare, . .	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d.	—
„ Kilkenny, . .	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d., 2s., and 1s. 6d.	2s. 6d. to Artane; 2s. to the Clonmel and Danesfort Schools; 1s. 6d. to the Waterford and the two Kilkenny Schools.
King's Co., . .	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. 6d. to Artane; 2s. to all others.
Co. Leitrim, . .	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. to Cavan School; 2s. 6d. to all others.
„ Limerick, . .	2s. 6d.	2s.	—
City of Limerick, .	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s.	2s. 6d. for boys; 2s. for girls.

20.—RETURN showing the Rates paid by each County—*continued.*

County Council or County Borough Council.	Rates.		Observations.
	To Reformatories.	To Industrial Schools.	
Co. Londonderry, . .	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. 6d. for boys; 2s. for girls.
City of Londonderry,	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. 6d. for boys; 2s. for girls.
Co. Longford, . . .	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d., 2s., and 1s. 6d.	2s. 6d. to the Newtownforbes and Artane Schools; 2s. to Ballinasloe School; 1s. 6d. to the Danesfort, Monte, and Letterfrack Schools.
" Louth, . . .	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. to Cappoquin; 2s. 6d. to all others.
" Mayo, . . .	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. 6d. was paid to Danesfort for first half of year. A uniform rate of 2s. is now paid to all Industrial Schools.
" Meath, . . .	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. to Kilkenny Male School; 2s. 6d. to all others.
" Monaghan, . .	—	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. to Cavan School; 2s. 6d. to all others.
Queen's Co., . . .	2s.	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. 6d. to the Sligo, Artane, Baltimore, and Danesfort Schools; 2s. to Mer- rion School.
Co. Rosecommon, .	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. 6d., and 2s.	2s. 6d. to Glencree and Spark's Lake Reformatories, and 2s. to Philips- town Reformatory. 2s. 6d. to Carriglea and Danesfort Industrial Schools; 2s. to all others.
" Sligo, . . .	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d.	—
" Tipperary, N.R.,	2s. 6d.	2s.	—
" Tipperary, S.R.,	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d.	—
" Tyrone, . . .	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. to Strabane School; 2s. 6d. to all others.
" Waterford, . .	2s. 6d.	2s.	—
City of Waterford, .	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. to Waterford School; 2s. 6d. to all others.
Co. Westmeath, . .	2s. 6d. and 2s.	2s. 6d.	2s. to Philipstown Reformatory; 2s. 6d. to Limerick Reformatory.
" Wexford, . . .	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d., 2s., and 1s.	2s. 6d. to the Artane, Cappoquin, Letterfrack, Clonmel, Limerick (Male), Danesfort, Baltimore, and Kilkenny (Male) Schools; 2s. to the Wexford and Rathdrum Schools; 1s. to Waterford School.
" Wicklow, . . .	2s.	2s.	—

21.—Showing the Causes of Deaths of Children under Detention in year ending the 31st

SCHOOLS.	Lung Disease.		Brain Disease.		Heart Disease.		Mesenteric and Bowel Disease.		Fever.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Reformatory.										
Glenoree,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industrial Schools.										
Balmoral,	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hampton House,	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shamrock Lodge,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Middletown,	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Queenstown,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Kinsale,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Upton,	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mallow,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Baltimore,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Finbar's,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Greenmount,	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Artane,	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Boosterstown,	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carysfort,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Golden Bridge,	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Carriglea Park,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Lakelands,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Merrion,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Letterfrack,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Anne's, Galway,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Salt Hill, do.,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Killarney,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kilkenny (Male),	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Do. (Female),	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parsonstown,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Vincent's, Limerick,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Limerick (Male),	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Newtownforbes,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Dundalk,	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Westport,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rosecommon,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Templemore,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Strabane,	-	4	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Waterford,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Moate,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Ross,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wexford,	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Meath, Bray,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total,	15	24	7	8	1	2	-	3	-	3

Reformatory and Industrial Schools, and on Licence, during the of December, 1899.

Accidental Deaths.		Spinal and Hip Disease.		Other Causes.		Total.			SCHOOLS.
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	Reformatory.
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	Glencree.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Industrial Schools.
-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	Balmoral.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	Hampton House.
-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	Shamrock Lodge.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	Middletown.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Queenstown.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Kinsale.
-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	Upton.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Mallow.
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	Baltimore.
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	St. Finbar's.
-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	Greenmount.
-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	Arlane.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	Boosterstown.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Carysfort.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	Golden Bridge.
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	Carriglea Park.
-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	Lakelands.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Merrion.
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	Letterfrack.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	St. Anne's, Galway.
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	Salt Hill, do.
-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	Killarney.
-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	Kilkenny (Male).
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Do. (Female).
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Parsonstown.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	St. Vincent's, Limerick.
-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	Limerick (Male).
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	Newtownforbes.
-	-	-	-	-	1	-	4	4	Dundalk.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Westport.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Roscommon.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Templemore.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	Strabane.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Waterford.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Moate.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	New Ross.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	Wexford.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Meath, Bray.
-	-	1	1	1	2	25	43	68	Total.

22—RETURN—Showing the Causes for which Children were Committed

SCHOOLS.	A child found begging or receiving alms, whether doing so actually or under pretext of selling anything or offering anything for sale.		A child being in any street or public place for the purpose of begging or receiving alms, whether actually doing so or under pretext of selling anything or offering anything for sale		A child found wandering, and not having any home.		A child found wandering, and not having any settled place of abode.		A child found wandering, and not having proper guardianship.	
	1.		2.		3.		4.		5.	
	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.
Grampian,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
Balmoral,	4	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	10	-
Hampton House,	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Milltown,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
Crumlin,	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	6
Whiteabbey,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Shamrock Lodge,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Middletown,	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lurgan,	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Cavan,	-	5	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Ennis,	-	3	-	2	-	-	3	-	-	2
Clonakilty,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Queenstown,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Kinsale,	-	10	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	8
Upton,	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Marble Hill,	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Mallow,	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	7
Passage West,	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
Baltimore,	5	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
St. Finbar's,	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Greenmount,	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-
Training Home,	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Killybegs,	-	-	2	-	1	-	1	-	1	-
Artane,	14	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	10	-
Boosterstown,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carysfort,	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Golden Bridge,	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Carriglea Park,	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
Lakelands,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Meath, Blackrock,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Morrion,	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Hoytesbury-street,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loughrea,	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ballinasloe,	-	7	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
Clifden,	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	4
Letterfrack,	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-
Oughterard,	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Anne's, Galway,	-	-	-	-	11	-	1	-	9	11
Salt Hill, Galway,	9	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	5
Killarney,	4	8	-	-	-	-	1	-	10	-
St. Joseph's, Tralee,	4	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	4
Pembroke Alms House, Tralee,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-
Kilkenny (Male),	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Do. (Female),	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Parsonstown,	-	4	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	8
St. George's, Limerick,	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Vincent's, Limerick,	-	4	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-
Limerick (Male),	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
Newtownforbes,	-	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Drogheda,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Dundalk,	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Westport,	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ballaghaderreen,	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monaghan,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Roscommon,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Summer Hill, Athlone,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benadn Abbey,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Sligo,	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Clonmel,	6	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	5	-
Templemore,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Cashel,	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thurles,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Tipperary,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	4
Strabane,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cappoquin,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
Waterford,	4	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	8
Moate,	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
New Ross,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wexford,	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Bryn,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
St. Kyran's,	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Total.	76	127	12	17	16	12	11	7	123	137

to Industrial Schools during the year ending 31st of December, 1899

A child found wandering, and not having visible means of subsistence.		A child found destitute, and being an orphan without any parent.		A child found destitute, and having a surviving parent who is undergoing penal servitude or imprisonment.		A child who frequents the company of reputed thieves.		Other Causes.		Total		Observations.
6.		7.		8.		9.		10.				
B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	B.	G.	
-	-	1	-	-	-	3	-	4	-	12	-	
12	-	7	-	5	-	17	-	3	-	59	-	
-	1	-	2	-	1	-	6	-	5	-	11	
1	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	23	
-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	15	
-	-	-	4	-	5	-	-	-	1	-	7	
-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	14	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	
-	-	-	2	-	4	-	-	-	2	-	14	
-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	16	
-	-	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	8	
-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	29	
3	-	6	-	1	-	2	-	2	-	20	-	
-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	
2	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	5	-	3	-	1	-	2	-	13	-	
-	-	5	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	
-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	3	-	24	13	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	
-	-	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	
6	-	14	-	2	-	3	-	12	-	63	-	
-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	
-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	9	
7	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	15	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	
-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	5	-	
-	-	-	1	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	13	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	18	
-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	
7	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	-	
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	
-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	-	
-	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	18	
-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	
-	-	2	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	
-	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	-	
-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	
-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	
-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	
5	-	8	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	30	-	
-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	
6	-	6	-	6	-	-	-	2	-	21	8	
-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	
-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	
-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	5	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	
-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	
-	-	14	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	31	13	
-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
-	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	9	
-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	2	-	5	
-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	
-	1	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	18	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	5	
-	2	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	
-	-	-	3	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	17	
-	-	2	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	12	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	
49	27	87	86	30	36	38	13	35	16	477	478	

23.—RETURN of OUTSTANDING LOANS made to REFORMATORY and INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

86

Name.	Amount borrowed.	Date of Loan.	Amount repayable per annum (Principal and Interest).	Principal outstanding, 1st January, 1897.	When the final payment will be due.	Observations.
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Malone Reformatory, . .	5,000 0 0	30th Jan., 1884.	(a) 267 18 4	3,556 13 0	Spring, 1919.	(a) Annuity: charge remains the same throughout the period. (b) Repayable by equal instalments of principal with decreasing interest charge. The amount given is the maximum annual charge.
Balmoral Industrial School, .	4,000 0 "	28th Aug., 1886.	(a) 200 0 0	3,192 0 9	Summer, 1921.	
St. Joseph's (co. Louth), (Female). do.	4,000 0 "	19th May, 1887.	(a) 200 0 0	3,381 16 5	Summer, 1922.	
Clonakilty do.	4,000 0 "	9th July, 1887.	(b) 254 5 10	2,914 4 7	1st May, 1922.	
St. Patrick's (Belfast) do.	5,000 0 0	12th May, 1887	(a) 250 0 0	3,919 17 5	Spring, 1922.	
Marble Hill do.	500 0 0	5th June, 1889,	(a) 25 0 0	451 7 5	1st May, 1925.	
Lurgan do.	3,000 0 0	30th June, 1890,	(b) 181 10 8	2,442 14 8	1st May, 1925.	
Danesfort do.	4,500 0 0	20th June, 1891,	(b) 282 13 9	3,792 16 9	1st May, 1926.	
Meath do.	3,500 0 0	11th Mar., 1891.	(b) 220 15 0	2,950 0 0	1st May, 1926.	
St. Joseph's (co. Limerick). do.	3,000 0 0	31st Mar., 1894,	(b) 190 14 4	2,871 8 5	1st May, 1931.	
Loughrea do.	500 0 0	31st Mar., 1894,	(a) 25 0 0	456 11 9	1st May, 1930.	

Appendix to Thirty-eighth Report, &c.

No. 13,995.

DUBLIN CASTLE,

6th August, 1900.

SIR,

I have to acknowledge the receipt of your Letter of the 3rd instant, forwarding, for submission to His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, the Thirty-eighth Report of the Inspector of Reformatory and Industrial Schools in Ireland for the year 1899.

I am,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

D. HARREL.

The Inspector of Reformatory
and Industrial Schools.